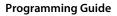


# Programming Guide VLT® Micro Drive FC 51











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# 1 Introduction

The nameplate sticker is located on the top of each frequency converter and shows the ratings, serial number, warnings catalog number, and other relevant data for each unit. See *Table 1.1* for details, how to read the type code string.



130BA505

Illustration 1.1 Nameplate Sticker

1

# 1.1.1 Type Code

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	EC	<u> </u>	0	5	1	2														X	X	X	S	X	X	X
																							13	30B	4589	9.10

Illustration 1.2 Type Code Definition

Description	Pos.	Possible choice
Product group	1-3	Frequency converters
Series and product type	4-6	Micro Drive
Power size	7-10	0.18–22 kW
Mains voltage	11-12	S2: Single phase 200–240 V AC
		T2: 3-phase, 200–240 V AC
		T4: 3-phase, 380–480 V AC
Enclosure	13-15	IP20/Chassis
RFI filter	16-17	HX: No RFI filter
		H1: RFI filter class A1/B
		H3:RFI filter A1/B (reduced cable length <sup>1)</sup> )
Brake	18	B: Brake chopper included (from 1.5 kW and up)
		X: No brake chopper included
Display	19	X: No Local Control Panel
		N: Numerical Local Control Panel (LCP)
		P: Numerical Local Control Panel (LCP)) with potentiometer
Coating PCB	20	C: Coated PCB
		X. No coated PCB
Mains option	21	X: No mains option
Adaptation A	22	X: No adaptation
Adaptation B	23	X: No adaptation
Software release	24-27	SXXX: Latest release - standard software

Table 1.1 Type Code Description

1) See the  $VLT^{@}$  Micro Drive FC 51 Design Guide.



#### 1.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviations         Terms         SI units         I-P units           a         Acceleration         m/s²         ft/s²           AWG         American wire gauge				
AWG American wire gauge Auto Tune Automatic motor tuning  °C Celsius  I Current A A Amp  I <sub>LIM</sub> Current limit  IT mains Mains supply with star point in transformer floating to ground  Joule Energy J=N·m ft-lb, Btu  °F Fahrenheit  FC Frequency converter  f Frequency Hz Hz  KIlohertz KHz  KIlohertz KHz  KIlohertz KHz  KIIOHERT Motion Control panel  mA Milliampere  ms Millisecond  min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres  IMMN Nominal motor current  fMMN Nominal motor frequency  PMN Nominal motor frequency  PMN Nominal motor power  UMNN Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power  W Btu/hr, hp  Pascal Pressure  Pa = N/m²  ft of water  IINV Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature C F  t Time S s,hr		Terms	SI units	I-P units
Auto Tune   Automatic motor tuning  °C	a	Acceleration	m/s <sup>2</sup>	ft/s <sup>2</sup>
°C Celsius  I Current  A Amp  LLIM Current limit  IT mains Mains supply with star point in transformer floating to ground  Joule Energy  FE Fahrenheit  FC Frequency converter  f Frequency Ender Milliampere  mA Milliampere  mS Millisecond  min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres  IMMN Nominal motor current  ffmM Nominal motor frequency  PM,N Nominal motor requency  PM,N Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power  IINV Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature  Tum Torque limit  Mains supply with star point In Amp  Amp  Ft-lo. Amp  Ft-lb, Btu  Ft-	AWG American wire gauge			
I Current Imit  IT mains Mains supply with star point in transformer floating to ground  Joule Energy J=N-m ft-lb, Btu  FF Fahrenheit  FC Frequency converter  f Frequency Kilohertz KHz Kilohertz KHz  LCP Local control panel Milliampere  ms Millisecond Milliampere  ms Millisecond Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres in-lbs  IMM Nominal motor current  fMM Nominal motor frequency  PMN Nominal motor frequency  PMN Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power W Btu/hr, hp  Pascal Pressure Pa N/m² psi, psf, ft of water  IINV Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature C F  LIM Torque limit	Auto Tune	Automatic motor tuning		
ILIM       Current limit       IT mains       Mains supply with star point in transformer floating to ground       IT mains       Mains supply with star point in transformer floating to ground       Image: Image	°C	Celsius		
IT mains   Mains supply with star point in transformer floating to ground   Jenus   Jenus   ft-lb, Btu   FE   Fahrenheit   FC   Frequency converter   Frequency   Hz   Hz   Hz   KHz   KHZ	I	Current	А	Amp
in transformer floating to ground  Joule Energy J=N-m ft-lb, Btu  FF Fahrenheit  FC Frequency converter  f Frequency Hz Hz  kHz Kilohertz kHz  LCP Local control panel  mA Millisecond  min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres in-lbs  Imma Nominal motor current  fmm Nominal motor roltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power  Innv Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature  Tum Torque limit  FC Frequency  J=N-m ft-lb, Btu  f	I <sub>LIM</sub>	Current limit		
Joule Energy J=N·m ft-lb, Btu  FF Fahrenheit  FC Frequency converter  f Frequency Kilohertz KHz KHz  LCP Local control panel  MA Milliampere  ms Millisecond  min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres in-lbs  Im,N Nominal motor current  fm,N Nominal motor power  UM,N Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power  Pascal Pressure  RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature  TLIM Torque limit  TIM PAZ  HZ HZ  HZ HZ  HZ  HZ  HZ  HZ  HZ  HZ	IT mains	Mains supply with star point		
Joule Energy J=N-m ft-lb, Btu  FC Frahrenheit FC Frequency converter f Frequency Hz Hz  KHz Kilohertz kHz  LCP Local control panel  MA Milliampere  MS Millisecond  Min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres in-lbs  IM,N Nominal motor current  fM,N Nominal motor frequency  PM,N Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power  Watt Power  IINV Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  S Second  SR Size related  T Temperature  T Temperature  T Temperature in Training S s,hr		in transformer floating to		
°F Fahrenheit FC Frequency converter f Frequency Hz Hz kHz Kilohertz kHz LCP Local control panel mA Milliampere ms Millisecond min Minute MCT Motion Control Tool M-TYPE Motor type dependent Nm Newton metres in-lbs IMN Nominal motor current fMN Nominal motor frequency PMN Nominal motor voltage PELV Protective extra low voltage Watt Power Watt Power Pascal Pressure INN Rated inverter output current RPM Revolutions per minute S Second SR Size related T Temperature TLIM Torque limit  Hz H		ground		
FC Frequency converter f Frequency Hz Hz kHz Kilohertz kHz kHz LCP Local control panel mA Milliampere ms Millisecond min Minute MCT Motion Control Tool M-TYPE Motor type dependent Nm Newton metres in-lbs IM,N Nominal motor current fM,N Nominal motor frequency PM,N Nominal motor voltage PELV Protective extra low voltage Watt Power W Btu/hr, hp Pascal Pressure Pa N/m² psi, psf, ft of water IINV Rated inverter output current RPM Revolutions per minute s Second SR Size related T Temperature C F TIIM Torque limit	Joule	Energy	J=N·m	ft-lb, Btu
f Frequency Hz Hz   kHz Kilohertz kHz kHz   LCP Local control panel	°F	Fahrenheit		
KHZ Kilohertz KHZ KHZ  LCP Local control panel  MA Milliampere  MS Millisecond  Min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres in-lbs  IM,N Nominal motor current  fM,N Nominal motor frequency  PM,N Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power  Pascal Pressure  IINV Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  S Second  SR Size related  T Temperature  TLIIM Torque limit  KMZ  KHZ  KHZ  KHZ  KHZ  KHZ  KHZ  KHZ	FC	Frequency converter		
LCP Local control panel  mA Milliampere  ms Millisecond  min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres in-lbs  I <sub>M.N</sub> Nominal motor current  f <sub>M.N</sub> Nominal motor frequency  P <sub>M.N</sub> Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power W Btu/hr, hp  Pascal Pressure Pa = N/m² ft of water  IINV Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature C F  t Time S s,hr  TLIIM Torque limit	f	Frequency	Hz	Hz
mA Milliampere ms Millisecond min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent Nm Newton metres  Im,In Nominal motor current  fm,In Nominal motor frequency  PM,In Nominal motor power  UM,In Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power  Pascal Pressure  Pa = N/m²  psi, psf, ft of water  IINV Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature  C F  t Time TILIM Torque limit	kHz	Kilohertz	kHz	kHz
ms Millisecond min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent Nm Newton metres in-lbs  Im,N Nominal motor current fm,N Nominal motor frequency Pm,N Nominal motor power Um,N Nominal motor voltage PELV Protective extra low voltage Watt Power W Btu/hr, hp Pascal Pressure Pa = N/m² psi, psf, ft of water  Imv Rated inverter output current RPM Revolutions per minute s Second SR Size related T Temperature C F TLIIM Torque limit	LCP	Local control panel		
min Minute  MCT Motion Control Tool  M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres in-lbs  I <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor current  f <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor frequency  P <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power W Btu/hr,  hp  Pascal Pressure Pa = N/m² fit of water  IINV Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature C F  t Time S s,hr  Tulim Torque limit	mA	Milliampere		
MCT Motion Control Tool M-TYPE Motor type dependent Nm Newton metres in-lbs  I <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor current f <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor frequency P <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor power U <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor voltage PELV Protective extra low voltage Watt Power W Btu/hr, hp Pascal Pressure Pa = N/m² ft of water  I <sub>INV</sub> Rated inverter output current RPM Revolutions per minute s Second SR Size related T Temperature C F t Time S s,hr	ms	Millisecond		
M-TYPE Motor type dependent  Nm Newton metres in-lbs  I <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor current  f <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor frequency  P <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor power  U <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor voltage  PELV Protective extra low voltage  Watt Power W Btu/hr, hp  Pascal Pressure Pa	min	Minute		
Nm       Newton metres       in-lbs         I <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor current       ————————————————————————————————————	MCT	Motion Control Tool		
I <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor current         f <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor frequency         P <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor power         U <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor voltage         PELV       Protective extra low voltage         Watt       Power         Watt       Pressure         Pa = N/m²       psi, psf, ft of water         I <sub>INV</sub> Rated inverter output current         RPM       Revolutions per minute         s       Second         SR       Size related         T       Temperature       C         t       Time       s         T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit	M-TYPE	Motor type dependent		
f <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor frequency         P <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor power         U <sub>M,N</sub> Nominal motor voltage         PELV       Protective extra low voltage         Watt       Power         Wassure       W         Btu/hr, hp         Pa = N/m²       psi, psf, ft of water         IINV       Rated inverter output current         RPM       Revolutions per minute         s       Second         SR       Size related         T       Temperature       C       F         t       Time       s       s,hr         T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit	Nm	Newton metres		in-lbs
PM,N       Nominal motor power         UM,N       Nominal motor voltage         PELV       Protective extra low voltage         Watt       Power         Watt       Pressure         Pa = N/m²       psi, psf, ft of water         Inv       Rated inverter output current         RPM       Revolutions per minute         s       Second         SR       Size related         T       Temperature         C       F         t       Time         Tull       Torque limit	I <sub>M,N</sub>	Nominal motor current		
UM,N       Nominal motor voltage         PELV       Protective extra low voltage         Watt       Power         Watt       Power         Watt       Power         Watt       Btu/hr, hp         Pascal       Pa = N/m²         psi, psf, ft of water       psi, psf, ft of water         Inv       Rated inverter output current         RPM       Revolutions per minute         s       Second         SR       Size related         T       Temperature       C         t       Time       s         Tull       Torque limit	f <sub>M,N</sub>	Nominal motor frequency		
PELV       Protective extra low voltage         Watt       Power       W       Btu/hr, hp         Pascal       Pressure       Pa = N/m²       psi, psf, ft of water         I <sub>INV</sub> Rated inverter output current       Pa = N/m²       psi, psf, ft of water         RPM       Revolutions per minute       Pa = N/m²       Pa = N/m²         S       Second       Second       Pa = N/m²         SR       Size related       Pa = N/m²       Pa = N/m²         T       Temperature       C       F         t       Time       s       s,hr         T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit       Torque limit	P <sub>M,N</sub>	Nominal motor power		
Watt Power W Btu/hr, hp  Pascal Pressure Pa = N/m² psi, psf, ft of water  IINV Rated inverter output current RPM Revolutions per minute s Second SR Size related T Temperature C F t Time s s,hr  Tum Torque limit	U <sub>M,N</sub>	Nominal motor voltage		
Pascal Pressure Pa = N/m² psi, psf, ft of water  IINV Rated inverter output current RPM Revolutions per minute s Second SR Size related T Temperature C F t Time s s,hr TLIIM Torque limit	PELV	Protective extra low voltage		
Pascal Pressure Pa = N/m² psi, psf, ft of water    IINV Rated inverter output current   RPM Revolutions per minute   S Second   SR Size related   T Temperature   C F t Time   S s,hr TILIM Torque limit   C   N/m² psi, psf, ft of water   D   D   D   D   D   D   D   D   D	Watt	Power	14/	Btu/hr,
Pa = N/m²   ft of water			l vv	hp
I <sub>INV</sub> Rated inverter output current  RPM Revolutions per minute s Second SR Size related T Temperature C F t Time s s,hr T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit	Pascal	Pressure	Do -	psi, psf,
Inv   Rated inverter output current   RPM   Revolutions per minute   S   Second   SR   Size related   T   Temperature   C   F   t   Time   S   S,hr   TLIM   Torque limit   water   water   water   water   water   Water   S   S,hr   Water			1	ft of
RPM Revolutions per minute  s Second  SR Size related  T Temperature C F  t Time s s,hr  Tulm Torque limit			IN/III	water
s     Second       SR     Size related       T     Temperature     C     F       t     Time     s     s,hr       T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit	I <sub>INV</sub>	Rated inverter output current		
SR         Size related         C         F           T         Temperature         C         F           t         Time         s         s,hr           T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit	RPM	Revolutions per minute		
T         Temperature         C         F           t         Time         s         s,hr           T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit	s	Second		
t Time s s,hr T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit	SR	Size related		
T <sub>LIM</sub> Torque limit	Т	Temperature	С	F
·	t	Time	S	s,hr
U Voltage V V	T <sub>LIM</sub>	Torque limit		
	U	Voltage	V	V

**Table 1.2 Abbreviations** 

# 1.3 Software Version and Approvals

**Software Version Programming Guide** VLT® Micro Drive FC 51 Series







This Programming Guide can be used for all VLT® Micro Drive FC 51 frequency converters with software version 3.1X.

The software version number can be read in 15-43 Software Version.

Table 1.3 Software Version and Approvals

# 1.4 Disposal Instruction



Equipment containing electrical components must not be disposed of together with domestic

It must be separately collected with electrical and electronic waste according to local and currently valid legislation.

# 2 Safety

#### 2.1 Safety Symbols

The following symbols are used in this manual:

# **▲**WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in death or serious injury.

# CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in minor or moderate injury. It can also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

# NOTICE

Indicates important information, including situations that can result in damage to equipment or property.

#### 2.2 Qualified Personnel

Correct and reliable transport, storage, installation, operation, and maintenance are required for the troublefree and safe operation of the frequency converter. Only qualified personnel are allowed to install or operate this equipment.

Qualified personnel are defined as trained staff, who are authorised to install, commission, and maintain equipment, systems, and circuits in accordance with pertinent laws and regulations. Additionally, the qualified personnel must be familiar with the instructions and safety measures described in these operating instructions.

#### 2.3 Safety

# **A**WARNING

# **HIGH VOLTAGE**

Frequency converters contain high voltage when connected to AC mains input, DC supply, or load sharing. Failure to perform installation, start-up, and maintenance by qualified personnel can result in death or serious injury.

Installation, start-up, and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel only.

# **▲**WARNING

#### UNINTENDED START

When the frequency converter is connected to AC mains, DC supply, or load sharing, the motor may start at any time. Unintended start during programming, service, or repair work can result in death, serious injury, or property damage. The motor can start via an external switch, a serial bus command, an input reference signal from the LCP, or after a cleared fault condition. To prevent unintended motor start:

- Disconnect the frequency converter from the mains.
- Press [Off/Reset] on the LCP before programming parameters.
- Fully wire and assembly the frequency converter, motor, and any driven equipment before connecting the frequency converter to AC mains, DC supply, or load sharing.

# **▲**WARNING

#### **DISCHARGE TIME**

The frequency converter contains DC-link capacitors, which can remain charged even when the frequency converter is not powered. Failure to wait the specified time after power has been removed before performing service or repair work, could result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Stop the motor.
- 2. Disconnect FC 51 from mains (and external DC supply, if present).
- 3. Wait for 4 minutes (M1, M2 and M3) and 15 min (M4 and M5) for discharge of the DC-link.
- 4. Disconnect DC bus terminals and brake terminals (if present).
- Remove motor cable.

# **▲**WARNING

# LEAKAGE CURRENT HAZARD

Leakage currents exceed 3.5 mA. Failure to ground the frequency converter properly can result in death or serious injury.

Ensure the correct grounding of the equipment by a certified electrical installer.



# **AWARNING**

#### **EQUIPMENT HAZARD**

Contact with rotating shafts and electrical equipment can result in death or serious injury.

- Ensure that only trained and qualified personnel perform installation, start up, and maintenance.
- Ensure that electrical work conforms to national and local electrical codes.
- Follow the procedures in this document.

# **A**CAUTION

#### **INTERNAL FAILURE HAZARD**

An internal failure in the frequency converter can result in serious injury, when the frequency converter is not properly closed.

 Ensure that all safety covers are in place and securely fastened before applying power.

# NOTICE

#### **HIGH ALTITUDES**

For installation at altitudes above 2000 m, contact Danfoss regarding PELV.

# NOTICE

#### **Use on Isolated Mains**

For details about the use of the frequency converter on isolated mains, refer to section *RFI Switch* in the design guide.

Follow the recommendations regarding the installation on IT-mains. Use relevant monitoring devices for IT-mains to avoid damage.



# 3 Programming

# 3.1 How to Programme

# 3.1.1 Programming with MCT 10 Set-up Software

The frequency converter can be programmed from a PC via RS485 com-port by installing the MCT 10 Set-up Software.

This software can either be ordered using code number 130B1000 or downloaded from the Danfoss Web site: www.danfoss.com/BusinessAreas/DrivesSolutions/software-download

Refer to VLT® Motion Control Tools MCT 10 Set-up Software, Operating Instructions.

# 3.1.2 Programming with the LCP 11 or LCP 12

The LCP is divided into four functional groups:

- 1. Numeric display.
- 2. Menu key.
- 3. Navigation keys.
- 4. Operation keys and indicator lights (LEDs).



Illustration 3.1 LCP 12 with Potentiometer



Illustration 3.2 LCP 11 without Potentiometer

#### The display

Different information can be read from the display.

Set-up number shows the active set-up and the edit set-up. If the same set-up acts as both active and edit set-up, only that set-up number is shown (factory setting). When active and edit set-up differ, both numbers are shown in the display (Set-up 12). The number flashing, indicates the edit set-up.



Illustration 3.3 Indicating Set-up

The small digits to the left are the selected parameter number.



Illustration 3.4 Indicating Selected Parameter Number

The large digits in the middle of the display show the value of the selected parameter.



Illustration 3.5 Indicating Value of Selected Parameter

The right side of the display shows the unit of the selected parameter. This can be either Hz, A, V, kW, hp, %, s or RPM.



Illustration 3.6 Indicating Unit of Selected Parameter



Motor direction is shown to the bottom left of the display - indicated by a small arrow pointing either clockwise or counterclockwise.



Illustration 3.7 Indicating Motor Direction

Press the [Menu] key to select one of the following menus

#### Status Menu

The Status Menu is either in *Readout Mode* or *Hand on Mode*. In *Readout Mode* the value of the currently selected readout parameter is shown in the display.

In Hand on Mode the local LCP reference is displayed.

#### Quick Menu

Displays Quick Menu parameters and their settings. Parameters in the Quick Menu can be accessed and edited from here. Most applications can be run by setting the parameters in the Quick Menus.

#### Main Menu

Displays Main Menu parameters and their settings. All parameters can be accessed and edited here.

#### LED (indicator lights)

- Green LED: The frequency converter is on.
- Yellow LED: Indicates a warning. See chapter 6 Troubleshooting.
- Flashing red LED: Indicates an alarm. See *chapter 6 Troubleshooting*.

#### **Navigation keys**

[Back]: For moving to the previous step or layer in the navigation structure.

[▲] [▼]: For maneuvering between parameter groups, parameters and within parameters.

**[OK]:** For selecting a parameter and for accepting changes to parameter settings.

Pressing [OK] for more than 1 s enters *Adjust* mode. In *Adjust* mode, it is possible to make fast adjustment by pressing  $[\blacktriangle]$  [ $\blacktriangledown$ ] combined with [OK].

Press  $[\blacktriangle]$   $[\blacktriangledown]$  to change value. Press [OK] to shift between digits quickly.

To exit *Adjust* mode, press [OK] more than 1 s again with changes saving or press [Back] without changes saving.

#### Operation keys

A yellow light above the operation keys indicates the active key.[Hand On]: Starts the motor and enables control of the frequency converter via the LCP.

[Off/Reset]: The motor stops except in alarm mode. In that case the motor will be reset.

[Auto On]: The frequency converter is controlled either via control terminals or serial communication.

[Potentiometer] (LCP 12): The potentiometer works in two ways depending on the mode in which the frequency converter is running.

In *Auto Mode* the potentiometer acts as an extra programmable analog input.

In *Hand on Mode* the potentiometer controls local reference.

#### 3.2 Status Menu

After power up, the Status Menu is active. Press [Menu] to toggle between Status, Quick Menu and Main Menu.

[▲] and [▼] toggles between the choices in each menu.

The display indicates the status mode with a small arrow above "Status".



Illustration 3.8 Indicating Status Mode

#### 3.3 Ouick Menu

The Quick Menu gives easy access to the most frequently used parameters.

- 1. To enter the Quick Menu, press [Menu] key until indicator in display is placed above *Quick Menu*.
- Press [▲] [▼] to select either QM1 or QM2, then press [OK].
- 3. Press [▲] [▼] to browse through the parameters in the Quick Menu.
- 4. Press [OK] to select a parameter.
- Press [▲] [▼] to change the value of a parameter setting.
- 6. Press [OK] to accept the change.
- 7. To exit, press either [Back] twice to enter *Status*, or press [Menu] once to enter *Main Menu*.



Illustration 3.9 Indicating Quick Menu Mode



# 3.4 Main Menu

The Main Menu gives access to all parameters.

- 1. To enter the Main Menu, press [Menu] key until indicator in display is placed above *Main Menu*.
- Press [▲] [▼] to browse through the parameter groups.
- 3. Press [OK] to select a parameter group.
- 4. Press [▲] [▼] to browse through the parameters in the specific group.
- 5. Press [OK] to select the parameter.
- 6. Press [▲] [▼] to set/change the parameter value.
- 7. Press [OK] to accept the value.
- 8. To exit, press either [Back] twice to enter *Quick Menu*, or press [Menu] once to enter *Status*.



Illustration 3.10 Indicating Main Menu Mode

# 4 Parameter Descriptions

# 4.1 Parameter Group 0: Operation/Display

#### 0-03 Regional Settings Option: Function: In order to meet the needs for different default settings in different parts of the world, 0-03 Regional Settings, is implemented in the frequency converter. The selected setting influences the default setting of the motor nominal frequency. [0]\* Interna-Sets default of 1-23 Motor Frequency, to 50 Hz, tional shows 1-20 Motor Power in kW. [1] US Sets default of 1-23 Motor Frequency, to 60 Hz, shows 1-20 Motor Power in HP. NOTICE This parameter cannot be changed while motor runs.

#### 0-04 Operating State at Power-up (Hand Mode)

Opt	ion:	Function:
		This parameter controls whether or not the frequency converter start running the motor when powering up after a power down in Hand mode.
		If LCP with potentiometer is mounted, reference is set according to actual potentiometer value.
[0]	Resume	Frequency converter starts in same Hand or Off State as when powered off.  Local reference is stored and used after power-up.
[1] *	Forced Stop, Ref=Old	Frequency converter powers up in Off State meaning that motor is stopped after power up.  Local reference is stored and used after power-up.
[2]	Forced Stop, Ref=0	Frequency converter powers up in Off State meaning that motor is stopped after power up.  Local reference is set to 0. Thus motor will not start running before local reference has been increased.

# 4.1.1 0-1\* Set-up Handling

User-defined parameters and miscellaneous external inputs (eg. bus, LCP, analog/digital inputs, feedback, etc.) controls the functionality of the frequency converter.

A complete set of all parameters controlling the frequency converter is called a set-up. The frequency converter contains 2 set-ups, *Set-up 1* and *Set-up 2*.

Furthermore, a fixed set of factory settings can be copied into one or more set-ups.

Some of the advantages of having more than one set-up in the frequency converter are

- Run motor in one set-up (Active Set-up) while updating parameters in another set-up (Edit Setup)
- Connect various motors (one at a time) to frequency converter. Motor data for various motors can be placed in different set-ups.
- Rapidly change settings of frequency converter and/or motor while motor is running (eg. ramp time or preset references) via bus or digital inputs.

The Active Set-up can be set as Multi Set-up where the active set-up is selected via input on a digital input terminal and/or via the bus control word.

# NOTICE

Factory Set-up cannot be used as active set-up.

0-10	Active S	Set-up
Opti	on:	Function:
		Active Set-up controls the motor.  Shifts between set-ups can only happen when  the motor is coasted
		The initial is coasted  OR  the set-ups between which the shift happens are linked to each other (see 0-12 Linked Set-ups).
		If changing between set-ups that are not linked, the change will not happen before motor is coasted.
		The motor is only considered stopped when it is coasted.



#### 0-10 Active Set-up Option: **Function:** [1] Set-up 1 Set-up 1 is active. [2] Set-up 2 Set-up 2 is active. Multi [9] Select the active set-up via digital input and/or

bus, see 5-1\* Digital Inputs choice [23].

# Set-up 0-11 Edit Set-up

Option:		Function:
		The Edit Set-up is for updating parameters in
		the frequency converter from either LCP or
		bus. It can be identical or different from the
		Active Set-up.
		All set-ups can be edited during operation,
		independently of the active set-up.
[1]*	Set-up 1	Update parameters in Set-up 1.
[2]	Set-up 2	Update parameters in Set-up 2.
[9]	Active	Update parameters in set-up selected as Active
	Set-up	Set-up (see 0-10 Active Set-up).

# 0-12 Link Set-ups

Opti	on:	Function:
		The link ensures synchronizing of the "not changeable during operation" parameter values enabling shift from one set-up to another during operation.  If the set-ups are not linked, a change between them is not possible while the motor is running. Thus the set-up change does not occur until the motor is coasted.
[0]	Not linked	Leaves parameters unchanged in both set-ups and cannot be changed while motor runs.
[1]	Linked	Copy parameters "not changeable during operation" parameter values into presently selected <i>Edit Set-up</i> .  NOTICE  This parameter cannot be changed while motor runs.

# 0-31 Custom Readout Min Scale

Rang	e:	Function:
0.00 *	[0.00-	It is possible to create a customized readout
	9999.00 ]	related to the output frequency of the unit.
		The value entered in 0-31 Custom Readout
		Min Scale will be shown at 0 Hz. The readout
		can be shown in the LCP display when in
		Status Mode or it can be read in 16-09
		Custom Readout

# 0-32 Custom Readout Max Scale

Range:		Function:
100.0*	[0.00–	It is possible to create a customized readout
	9999.00]	related to the output frequency of the unit.
		The value entered in 0-32 Custom Readout
		Max Scale will be shown at the frequency
		programmed in 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit.
		The readout can be shown in the LCP
		display when in Status Mode or it can be
		read in 16-09 Custom Readout

# 4.1.2 0-4\* LCP

The frequency converter can operate in the following three modes: Hand, Off and Auto.

Hand: The frequency converter is locally operated and does not allow any remote control. By activating Hand a start signal is given.

OFF: The frequency converter stops with a normal stop ramp. When Off is chosen the frequency converter can only be started by pressing either Hand or Auto on the LCP.

Auto: In Auto-mode the frequency converter can be remote controlled (bus/digital).

# 0-40 [Hand On] Key on LCP

Option	n:	Function:
[0]	Disabled	[Hand On] key has no function.
[1]*	Enabled	[Hand On] key is functional.

# 0-41 [Off/Reset] Key on LCP

Option:		Function:
[0]	Disable Off/Reset	[Off/Reset] key has no function.
[1]*	Enable Off/Reset	Stop signal and reset of any faults.
[2]	Enable Reset Only	Reset only. Stop (Off) function is
		disabled.

# 0-42 [Auto On] Key on LCP

Option:		1:	Function:
	[0]	Disabled	[Auto On] key has no function.
	[1]*	Enabled	[Auto On] key is functional.

# 4.1.3 0-5\* Copy/Save

# 0-50 LCP Copy

Option:	Function:
	The detachable LCP of the frequency
	converter can be used for storing
	setups, and thus for transferring data
	when moving parameter settings from
	one frequency converter to another.
	NOTICE
	LCP Copy can only be activated from the LCP and ONLY when the motor is coasted.



0-50	0-50 LCP Copy			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[0] *	No сору			
[1]	All to LCP	Copy all setups from the frequency		
		converter into the LCP.		
[2]	All from LCP	Copy all setups from LCP to frequency		
		converter.		
[3]	Size independent	Copy non motor size dependent data		
	from LCP	from LCP to frequency converter.		

# Option: Function: [0] \* Full access Select [0] Full Access to disable the password in 0-60 (Main) Menu Password. [1] LCP: Read Only Select [1] Read Only to block unauthorized editing of Main/Quick menu parameter. [2] LCP: No Access Select [2] No Access to block unauthorized editing and viewing of Main/Quick menu parameter.

# 0-51 Set-up Copy

Option:		Function:	
		Use this function to copy a set-up content into the <i>Edit Set-up</i> .  In order to be able to make a set-up copy ensure that	
		• the motor is coasted	
		O-10 Active Set-up, Active Set-up, is set to either [1] Set-up 1 or [2] Set-up 2	
		NOTICE	
		The keyboard/parameter database are blocked while Set-up Copy is running.	
[0]	No Copy	Copy function is inactive	
[1]	Copy from Set-up 1	Copy from <i>Set-up 1</i> to edit set-up chosen in <i>0-11 Edit Set-up</i> .	
[2]	Copy from Set-up 2	Copy from <i>Set-up 2</i> to edit set-up chosen in <i>0-11 Edit Set-up</i> .	
[9]	Copy from Factory Set- up	Copy from Factory Settings to edit set-up chosen in <i>0-11 Edit set-up</i> .	

# 4.1.4 0-6\* Password

0-6	0-60 (Main) Menu Password		
Range: Function:			
		Use password for protection against unintended	
		change of sensitive parameters, eg. motor	
		parameters.	
0 *	[0-999]	Enter the password for access to Main Menu via	
		the [Main Menu] key. Select the number that	
		should allow for changing other parameter values.	
		0 means there is no password.	

# NOTICE

A password has affect on the LCP - not on the bus communication.

# NOTICE

Pressing [Menu], [OK] and [▼] will unlock the password. This will automatically enter the parameter editing screen in Quick Menu or Main Menu.



# 4.2 Parameter Group 1: Load/Motor

1-00	1-00 Configuration Mode		
Opti	on:	Function:	
		Use this parameter for selecting the application control principle to be used when a Remote Reference is active.  NOTICE  Changing this parameter resets 3-00 Reference Range, 3-02 Minimum Reference and 3-03 Maximum Reference to their default values.  NOTICE  This parameter cannot be adjusted while motor runs.	
[0]*	Speed Open Loop	For normal speed control (References).	
[3]	Process	Enables process closed loop control. See parameter group 7-3* Process PI Control for further information on PI-controller.	

# 1-01 Motor Control Principle

Option:		Function:	
[0]	U/f	Is used for parallel connected motors and/or special	
		motor applications. The U/f settings are set in 1-55	
		U/f Characteristic -U and 1-56 U/f Characteristic -F.	
		NOTICE	
		When running U/f control slip- and load	
		compensations are not included.	
[1] *	VVC+	Normal running mode, including slip- and load	
		compensations.	

# 1-03 Torque Characteristics

Option:		Function:
		With more torque characteristics it is
		possible to run low energy consuming, as
		well as high torque applications.
[0]*	Constant	Motor shaft output provides constant
	Torque	torque under variable speed control.
[2]	Automatic	This function automatically optimizes
	Energy	energy consumption in centrifugal pump
	Optimisation	and fan applications. See 14-41 AEO
		Minimum Magnetisation.

# 1-05 Hand Mode Configuration

Ор	tion:	Function:	
		This parameter is only relevant when 1-00	
		Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process Closed	
		Loop. The parameter is used for determining the	
	reference or setpoint handling when changing		
		from Auto Mode to Hand Mode on the LCP.	
[0]	Speed	In Hand Mode the drive always runs in Open	
	Open	Loop configuration regardless of setting in 1-00	
	Loop	Configuration Mode. Local potentiometer (if	
		present) or Arrow up/down determines output	
		frequency limited by Motor Speed High/Low	
		Limit (4-14 Motor Speed High Limit and 4-12	
		Motor Speed Low Limit).	
[2]	As	If 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [1] Open Loop	
*	configu-	function is as described above.	
	ration in	If 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process	
	1-00	Closed Loop changing from Auto mode to Hand	
	Configu-	mode results in a setpoint change via local	
	ration	potentiometer or Arrow up/down. The change is	
	Mode.	limited by Reference Max/Min (3-02 Minimum	
		Reference and 3-03 Maximum Reference).	

# 4.2.1 1-2\* Motor Data

Enter the correct motor nameplate data (power, voltage, frequency, current and speed).

Run AMT, see 1-29 Automatic Motor Tuning (AMT). Factory settings for advanced motor data, parameter group 1-3\* Adv. Motor Data, are automatically calculated.

# NOTICE

Parameters in parameter group 1-2\* Motor Data cannot be adjusted while motor runs.

# 1-20 Motor Power [kW]/[HP] (Pm.n)

Option:		Function:
		Enter motor power from nameplate
		data.
		Two sizes down, one size up from
		nominal VLT rating.
[1]	0.09 kW/0.12 HP	
[2]	0.12 kW/0.16 HP	
[3]	0.18kW/0.25 HP	
[4]	0.25 kW/0.33 HP	
[5]	0.37kW/0.50 HP	
[6]	0.55 kW/0.75 HP	
[7]	0.75 kW/1.00 HP	
[8]	1.10 kW/1.50 HP	
[9]	1.50 kW/2.00 HP	
[10]	2.20 kW/3.00 HP	
[11]	3.00 kW/4.00 HP	
[12]	3.70 kW/5.00 HP	
[13]	4.00 kW/5.40 HP	



1-20 Motor Power [kW]/[HP] (P <sub>m.n</sub> )			
Opt	ion:	Function:	
[14]	5.50 kW/7.50 HP		
[15]	7.50 kW/10.0 HP		
[16]	11.00 kW/15.00 HP		
[17]	15.00 kW/20.00 HP		
[18]	18.50 kW/25.00 HP		
[19]	22.00 kW/29.50 HP		
[20]	30.00 kW/40.00 HP		

# NOTICE

Changing this parameter affects parameters 1-22 Motor Voltage to 1-25 Motor Frequency, 1-30 Stator Resistance, 1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance and 1-35 Main Reactance.

#### 1-22 Motor Voltage (U\_m.n)

Range:		Function:
230/400 V	[50-999 V]	Enter motor voltage from nameplate
		data.

# 1-23 Motor Frequency (f\_m.n)

Range:		Function:
50 Hz*	[20-400 Hz]	Enter motor frequency from nameplate
		data.

# 1-24 Motor Current (I\_m.n)

Range:	Function:	
M-type dependent*	[0.01-100.00 A]	Enter motor current from
		nameplate data.

# 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed (n\_m.n)

Range:	Function:	
M-type Dependent*	[100–9999	Enter motor nominal speed
	RPM]	from nameplate data.

#### 1-29 Automatic Motor Tuning (AMT)

Option:		Funct	ion:
		Use AMT to optimise motor performance. When 1-01 Motor Control Principle is set to [0] U/f, AMT does not work. NOTICE	
			arameter cannot be changed the motor runs.
		Stop the frequency converter - make sure that the motor is at standstill	
		2. Select [2] Enable AMT	
		3.	Apply start signal - Via LCP: Press [Hand On] - Or in Remote On mode: Apply start signal on terminal 18
[0] *	Off	AMT fu	nction is disabled.
[2]	Enable AMT	AMT function starts running.	

# 1-29 Automatic Motor Tuning (AMT)

Option:		Function:
		NOTICE
		To gain optimum tuning of the frequency converter, run AMT on a cold motor.
[3]	Complete AMT with Rotating motor	When set to this option, the motor will rotate. With this option, 1-35 Main Reactance (X2) is also optimized, other than parameters 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs) and 1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1).

# 4.2.2 1-3\* Adv. Motor Data

Adjust advanced motor data using one of these methods:

- Run AMT on cold motor. The frequency converter measures value from motor.
- 2. Enter  $X_1$  value manually. Obtain value from motor supplier.
- 3. Use  $R_s$ ,  $X_1$ , and  $X_2$  default setting. The frequency converter establishes setting based on motor nameplate data.

# NOTICE

These parameters cannot be changed while the motor runs.

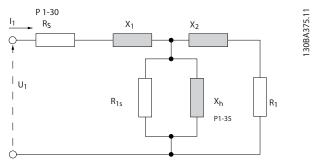


Illustration 4.1 Advanced Motor Data Parameters

# 1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)

Range:		Function:		
Depending on motor data*	[Ohm]	Set stator resistance value.		
1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance (X <sub>1</sub> )				
Range:	ı	Function:		

Depending on motor	[Ohm]	Set stator leakage reactance
data*		of motor.

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# 1-35 Main Reactance (X<sub>2</sub>)

Range:	Function:	
Depending on motor data*	[Ohm]	Set motor main reactance.

# 4.2.3 1-5\* Load Independent Setting

This parameter group is for setting the load independent motor settings.

# 1-50 Motor Magnetization at Zero Speed

Range	:	Function:
		This parameter enables different thermal
		load on motor when running at low speed.
100 %*	[ 0-300%]	Enter a percentage of rated magnetizing
		current. If setting is too low, motor shaft
		torque may be reduced.

# 1-52 Min. Speed Normal Magnetizing [Hz]

Range:		Function:
		Use this parameter along with 1-50 Motor
		Magnetizing at Zero Speed.
0.0 Hz*	[0.0–10.0	Set frequency required for normal
	Hz]	magnetizing current. If frequency is set
		lower than motor slip frequency, 1-50 Motor
		Magnetizing at Zero Speed is inactive.

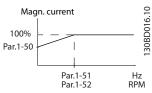


Illustration 4.2 Parameters 1-50 and 1-52

#### 1-55 U/f Characteristic - U

Range:		Function:
		This parameter is an array parameter [0-5]
		and is only functional when 1-01 Motor
		Control Principle is set to [0] U/f.
0.0 V*	[0.0–	Enter voltage at each frequency point to
	999.9 V]	manually form a U/f characteristic matching
		motor. Frequency points are defined in 1-56
		U/f characteristics - F.

# 1-56 U/f Characteristic - F

Range:		Function:
		This parameter is an array parameter [0-5] and
		is only functional when 1-01 Motor Control
		Principle is set to [0] U/f.
0.0	[0.0–	Enter frequency points to manually form a U/f
Hz*	1000.0	characteristic matching motor. Voltage at each
	Hz]	point is defined in 1-55 U/f Characteristic - U.
		Make a U/f characteristic based on 6 definable
		voltages and frequencies, see Illustration 4.3.

# 1-56 U/f Characteristic - F

Range:		Function:
		Simplify U/f characteristics by merging 2 or
		more points (voltages and frequencies),
		respectively, are set equal.

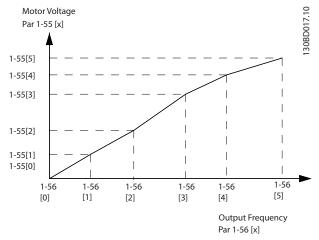


Illustration 4.3 U/f Characteristics

# NOTICE

For 1-56 U/f characteristics - F the following applies  $[0] \le [1] \le [2] \le [3] \le [4] \le [5]$ 

# 4.2.4 1-6\* Load Dependent Setting

Parameters for adjusting the load-dependent motor settings.

# 1-60 Low Speed Load Compensation

kange:		runction:
		Use this parameter to gain optimum U/f
		characteristic when running at low speed.
100 %*	[0-199	Enter percentage in relation to load when
	%]	motor runs at low speed.
		Change-over point is automatically calculated
		based on motor size.



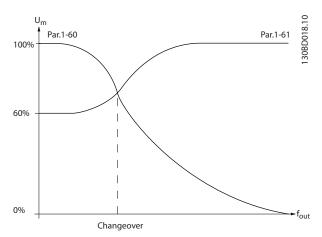


Illustration 4.4 Load Compensation Characteristics

1-61	High S	peed	Load	Com	pensation

Range:		Function:
		Use this parameter to obtain optimum load
		compensation when running at high speed.
100 %*	[0-199	Enter percentage to compensate in relation
	%]	to load when motor runs at high speed.
		Change-over point is automatically calculated
		based on motor size.

# 1-62 Slip Compensation

Range:		Function:
100 %*	[-400–399	Compensation for load dependent motor
	%]	slip.
		Slip compensation is calculated automat-
		ically based on rated motor speed, $n_{M,N}$ .
		NOTICE
		This function is only active when 1-00
		Configuration Mode, is set to [0]
		Speed Open Loop and when 1-01
		Motor Control Principle, is set to [1]
		VVC <sup>+</sup>

# 1-63 Slip Compensation Time

Rang	e:	Function:
0.10 s	[0.05-5.00	Enter slip compensation reaction speed. A
	s]	high value results in slow reaction whereas
		a low value results in quick reaction.
		If low-frequency resonance problems arise,
		use longer time setting.

# 4.2.5 1-7\* Start Adjustments

Considering the need for various start functions in different applications, it is possible to select a number of functions in this parameter group.

# 1-71 Start Delay

Range:		Function:
		The start delay defines the time to pass from a
		start command is given until the motor starts
		accelerating.
		Setting start delay to 0.0 s disables 1-72 Start
		Function, when start command is given.
0.0	[0.0–	Enter the time delay required before
S*	10.0 s]	commencing acceleration.
		1-72 Start Function is active during Start delay
		time.

# 1-72 Start Function

Option:		Function:
[0]	DC Hold/Delay	Motor is energised with DC holding current
	Time	(2-00 DC Hold Current) during start delay
		time.
[1]	DC Brake/	Motor is energised with DC braking current
	Delay Time	(2-01 DC Brake Current) during start delay
		time.
[2] *	Coast/Delay	Inverter is coasted during start delay time
	Time	(inverter off).

# 1-73 Flying Start

Option:		Function:
		The Flying Start parameter is used to catch a
		spinning motor after eg. mains drop-out.
		NOTICE
		This function is not suitable for hoisting applications.
[0] *	Disabled	Flying start is not required.
[1]	Enabled	Frequency converter enabled to catch spinning
		motor.
		NOTICE
		When flying start is enabled 1-71 Start Delay, and 1-72 Start Function, have no function.

# 4.2.6 1-8\* Stop Adjustments

To meet the need for various stop functions in different application these parameters offer some special stop features for the motor.

# 1-80 Function at Stop

Option:		Function:
		The selected function at stop is active in following situations:
		Stop command is given and output speed is ramped down to Min. Speed for Function at Stop.
		<ul> <li>Start command is removed (standby), and output speed is ramped down to Min.</li> <li>Speed for Function at Stop.</li> </ul>



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# 1-80 Function at Stop

	Option:		Function:
			DC-brake command is given, and DC- brake time has passed
			While running and calculated output speed is below Min. Speed for Function at Stop.
	[0] *	Coast	The inverter is coasted.
	[1]	DC	The motor is energised with a DC current. See 2-00
1		hold	DC Hold Current for more information.

# 1-82 Min. Speed For Function at Stop [Hz]

Range	:	Function:
0.0 Hz*	[0.0-20.0 Hz]	Set the speed at which to activate 1-80
		Function at Stop.

# 4.2.7 1-9\* Motor Temperature

With an estimated motor temperature monitor the frequency converter is able to estimate motor temperature without having a thermistor mounted. It is thus possible to receive a warning or an alarm, if motor temperature exceeds upper operational limit.

# 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Using ETR (Electronic Terminal Relay) the motor temperature is calculated based on frequency, speed and time. Danfoss recommends using The ETR function, if a thermistor is not present.  NOTICE  ETRElectronic Overload calculation is based on motor data from parameter group 1-2* Motor Data.
[0] *	No Protection	Disables temperature monitoring.
[1]	Thermistor Warning	A thermistor connected to either digital or analog input gives a warning if upper limit of motor temperature range is exceeded, (see 1-93 Thermistor Resource).
[2]	Thermistor Trip	A thermistor connected to either digital or analog input gives an alarm and makes the frequency converter trip if upper limit of motor temperature range is exceeded, (see 1-93 Thermistor Resource.
[3]	ETR Warning	If calculated upper limit of motor temperature range is exceeded, a warning occurs.
[4]	ETR Trip	If 90% of calculated upper limit of motor temperature range is exceeded, an alarm occurs and the frequency converter trips.

# NOTICE

When the ETR function has been selected the drive will store the recorded temperature at power down and this temperature will resume at power up regardless of the elapsed time. Changing 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection back to [0] No Protection will reset the recorded temperature.

#### 1-93 Thermistor Resource

Option:		Function:		
		Select the thermistor input terminal.		
[0] *	None	No thermistor is con	inected.	
[1]	Analog Input 53	Connect thermistor to analog input terminal 53. <b>NOTICE</b>		nput terminal 53.
		Analog input 53 o other purposes w thermistor resour	hen selec	
[6]	Digital input 29	Connect thermistor to digital input While this input functions as ther will not respond to the function of <i>Digital Input 29</i> . The value of <i>5-13</i> remains unchanged in parameter function is inactive.		ermistor input, it n chosen in <i>5-13</i> 13 Digital Input 29
		Input Digital/ Analog  Digital	Supply Voltage 10 V	Threshold Cutout Values $< 800 \ \Omega \Rightarrow 2.9$
		Analog	10 V	$k\Omega$ <800 $\Omega \Rightarrow 2.9$ $k\Omega$
		Table 4.1 Thresho	ld Cut-out	Values



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# 4.3 Parameter Group 2: Brakes

# 4.3.1 2-0\* DC-Brake

The purpose of DC-brake function is to brake a rotating motor by applying DC-current to the motor.

# 2-00 DC Hold Current

Rang	je:	Function:
		This parameter either holds the motor (holding
		torque) or pre-heats the motor.
		The parameter is active if DC Hold has been
		selected in either 1-72 Start Function or 1-80
		Function at Stop.
50%*	[0-	Enter a value for holding current as a
	150%]	percentage of the rated motor current set in
		1-24 Motor Current. 100% DC holding current
		corresponds to I <sub>M,N</sub> .

# NOTICE

Avoid 100% current too long as it may overheat the motor.

# 2-01 DC Brake Current

Range:		Functi	on:
50	[0-	Set DC-	current needed to brake rotating motor.
%*	150%]	Activate	DC-brake in one of the four following
		ways:	
		1.	DC-brake command, see <i>5-1* Digital Inputs</i> choice [5]
		DC Cut-in function, see 2-04 DC-Brake     Cut-in Speed	
		3. DC-brake selected as start function, see 1-72 Start Function	
		4. DC-brake in connection with Flying Start, 1-73 Flying Start.	

# 2-02 DC-Braking Time

Range:		Function:
		DC-braking time defines the period during which <i>DC-brake current</i> is applied to the
		motor.
10.0 s*	[0.0-60 s]	Set the time DC-braking current, set in 2-01
		DC Brake Current, must be applied.

# NOTICE

If DC-brake is activated as start function, DC-brake time is defined by *start delay time*.

# 2-04 DC-Brake Cut-in Speed Range: Function: 0.0 Hz\* [0.0–400.0 | Set DC-brake cut-in speed to activate DC braking current, set in 2-01 DC Brake

Current, when ramping down.

When set to 0 the function is off.

# 4.3.2 2-1\* Brake Energy Function

Use the parameters in this group for selecting dynamic braking parameters.

#### 2-10 Brake Function

Option:		Function:
		NOTICE
		Resistor brake is only functional in frequency converters with integrated dynamic brake. An external resistor must be connected.
		Resistor brake
		The resistor brake limits voltage in the
		intermediate circuit when the motor acts as
		generator. Without brake resistor, the frequency
		converter eventually trips.
		The resistor brake consumes surplus energy
		resulting from motor braking. A frequency
		converter with brake, stops a motor faster than
		without a brake, which is used in many
		applications. Requires connection of external
		brake resistor.
		An alternative to the resistor brake is the AC
		brake.
		AC brake
		The AC brake consumes surplus energy by
		creating power loss in the motor.
		It is important to keep in mind that an increase
		in power loss causes motor temperature to rise.
[0] *	Off	No brake function.
[1]	Resistor	Resistor brake is active.
	Brake	
[2]	AC Brake	AC brake is active.

# 2-11 Brake Resistor (Ohm)

Range:		Function:
5 Ω*	[5–5000 Ω]	Set brake resistor value.

# 2-14 Brake Voltage Reduce

	Range:		Function:
	0* [0-		Change this parameter affects the value of 2-11
100] Brake Resistor (Ohm).			
			Use this parameter to set the voltage reduction for
			resistor braking. It is only active when 2-10 Brake
			Function is set to [1] Resistor Brake. This function is
			valid for 400 v, 5.5–15 kW units.



2-16 AC Brake, Max Current				
Range:		Function:		
100.0%*	[0.0–150.0%]	Enter max. permissible current for AC-		
		braking to avoid overheating of motor.		
		100% equals motor current set in 1-24		
		Motor Current.		

# 2-17 Over-Voltage Control

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Use overvoltage control (OVC) to reduce the
		risk of the frequency converter tripping due to
		an over voltage on the DC link caused by
		generative power from the load.
		An over-voltage occurs eg. if the ramp down
		time is set too short compared to the actual
		load inertia.
[0] *	Disabled	The OVC is not active/required.
[1]	Enabled,	OVC is running unless a stop signal is active.
	not at stop	
[2]	Enabled	OVC is running, also when a stop signal is
		active.

# NOTICE

If Resistor Brake has been chosen in 2-10 Brake Function the OVC is not active even though enabled in this parameter.

# 4.3.3 2-2\* Mechanical Brake

For hoisting applications an electro-magnetic brake is required. The brake is controlled by a relay, which releases the brake when activated.

The brake activates if the frequency converter trips or a coast command is given. Furthermore, it activates when motor speed is ramped down below the speed set in 2-22 Active Brake Speed.

# 2-20 Release Brake Current

Range	•	Function:
0.00 A*	[0.00-100 A]	Select motor current at which mechanical
		brake releases.
		NOTICE
		If start delay time has passed, and motor current is below <i>Release</i>
		brake current, frequency converter trips.
		· •

# 2-22 Activating Mechanical Brake

Rang	je:	Function:
		If the motor is stopped using ramp, the mechanical brake is activated when motor speed is less than Active Brake Speed.  Motor is ramped down to stop in the following situations:  A start command is removed (stand by)  A stop command is activated  Quick-stop is activated (Q-stop ramp is used)
0 Hz*	[0- 400 Hz]	Select motor speed at which mechanical brake activates when ramping down.  Mechanical brake automatically activates if frequency converter trips or reports an alarm.



# 4.4 Parameter Group 3: Reference/Ramps

Parameters for reference handling, definition of limitations, and configuration of the frequency converter's reaction to changes

# 4.4.1 3-0\* Reference Limits

Parameters for setting the reference unit, limits and ranges.

# 3-00 Reference Range

Option:		Function:
		Select the range of reference and feedback
		signals.
[0] *	Min to	Reference setpoint ranges can have positive
	Max	values only.
		Select this if running in Process Closed Loop.
[1]	-Max to	Ranges can have both positive and negative
	+Max	values.
		If potentiometer is used to adjust motor running
		in both direction, set reference range to –Max
		Reference to Max Reference by par.=[1] Choose
		hand on mode by LCP. Adjust the potentiometer
		to minimum, the motor can run in anti-clockwise
		with max speed. Then adjust the potentiometer
		to maximum, the motor will ramp down to 0 and
		run clockwise with max speed.

# 3-02 Minimum Reference

Range:		Function:
0.00*	[-4999-4999]	Enter value for minimum reference.
		The sum of all internal and external
		references are clamped (limited) to the
		minimum reference value, 3-02 Minimum
		Reference.

#### 3-03 Maximum Reference

Range:		Function:
		Maximum Reference is
		adjustable in the range
		Minimum Reference–4999.
60.000 Hz if	[-4999–	Enter value for Maximum
parameter 0-03 is set	4999]	Reference.
to US; 50.000 Hz if		The sum of all internal and
parameter 0-03 is set		external references are
to International *		clamped (limited) to the
		maximum reference value,
		3-03 Maximum Reference.

# 4.4.2 3-1\* References

Parameters for setting up the reference sources. Select the preset references for the corresponding digital inputs in parameter group, 5-1\* Digital Inputs.

# 3-10 Preset Reference

Option:		Function:			
		Each paramereferences with inputs or but	hich are sel		
		[18] Bit2	[17] Bit1	[16] Bit0	[16] Bit0
		0	0	0	0
		0	0	1	1
		0	1	0	2
		0	1	1	3
		1	0	0	4
		1	0	1	5
		1	1	0	6
		1	1	1	7
			Parameter ( tion [16], [1	•	Digital
[0.00] *	-100.00- 100.00%	Enter the different preset references using array programming.  Normally, 100%=value set in 3-03 Maximum Reference.  However, there are exceptions if 3-00 Reference Range is set to [0] Min - Max.  Example 1:  3-02 Minimum Reference is set to 20 and 3-03 Maximum Reference is set to 50. In this case 0%=0 and 100%=50.  Example 2:  3-02 Minimum Reference is set to -70 and 3-03 Maximum Reference is set to 50. In this case 0%=0 and 100%=70.			

# 3-11 Jog Speed [Hz]

Range:		Function:
		Jog speed is a fixed output speed and
		overrules the selected reference speed, see
		parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs option [14].
		If the motor is stopped while in jog mode, the
		jog signal acts as a start signal.
		Removing the jog signal makes the motor run
		according to the selected configuration.
5.0	[0.0-	Select speed to function as jog speed.
Hz	400.0	
	Hz]	

# 3-12 Catch Up/Slow Down Value

Range:		Function:
0% *	[0-	The Catch-up/Slowdown function is activated by
	100%]	an input command (see 5-1* Digital Inputs,
		choice [28]/[29]). If the command is active, the
		Catch-up/Slowdown value (in %) is added to the
		reference function as follows:
		Reference = Reference + Reference × Catchup Slowdown 100
		Reference = Reference - Reference × Catchup Slowdown 100
		When the input command is inactivated, the
		reference returns to its original value ie.
		Reference=Reference + 0.

# 3-14 Preset Relative Reference

Rang	e:	Function:
0.00%		Define fixed value in % to be added to
	[-100.00–	variable value defined in 3-18 Relative Scaling
	100.00%]	Reference Source.
		The sum of fixed and variable values (labeled
		Y in illustration below) is multiplied with
		actual reference (labeled X in illustration). This
		product is added to actual reference
		$X + X \times \frac{Y}{100}$
		X Relative Z=X+X*Y/100 Z Resulting 66 OV Reference 80 E
		Illustration 4.5 Formula for Actual
		Reference

# 3-15 Reference 1 Source

	5 15 Hererenee 1 Source			
Opt	ion:	Function:		
		3-15 Reference 1 Source, 3-16 Reference 2		
		Source and 3-17 Reference 3 Source define		
		up to three different reference signals. The		
		sum of these reference signals defines the		
		actual reference.		
[0]	No Function	No reference signal is defined.		
[1] *	Analog Input	Use signals from analog input 53 as		
	53	reference, see parameter group 6-1* Analog		
		Input 1.		
[2]	Analog Input	Use signals from analog input 60 as		
	60	reference, see parameter group 6-2* Analog		
		Input 2.		
[8]	Pulse input 33	Use signals from pulse input as reference,		
		see parameter group 5-5* Pulse Input.		
[11]	Local Bus	Use signals from local bus as reference, see		
	Reference	parameter group 8-9* Bus Feedback.		
[21]	LCP Potenti-	Use signals from LCP potentiometer as		
	ometer	reference, parameter group 6-8* LCP		
		Potentiometer.		

# 3-16 Reference 2 Source

Opt	ion:	Function:
		See 3-15 Reference 1 Source for
		description.
[0]	No Function	No reference signal is defined.
[1]	Analog Input 53	Use signals from analog input 53 as
		reference.
[2] *	Analog Input 60	Use signals from analog input 60 as
		reference.
[8]	Pulse input 33	Use signals from pulse input as
		reference, see parameter group 5-5*
		Pulse Input.
[11]	Local Bus	Use signals from local bus as reference.
	Reference	
[21]	LCP Potenti-	Use signals from LCP potentiometer as
	ometer	reference.

# 3-17 Reference 3 Source

Option:		Function:
		See 3-15 Reference 2 Source for
		description.
[0]	No Function	No reference signal is defined.
[1]	Analog Input 53	Use signals from analog input 53 as
		reference.
[2]	Analog Input 60	Use signals from analog input 60 as
		reference.
[8]	Pulse input 33	Use signals from pulse input as
		reference, see parameter group 5-5*
		Pulse Input.
[11] *	Local Bus	Use signals from local bus as reference.
	Reference	
[21]	LCP Potenti-	Use signals from LCP potentiometer as
	ometer	reference.

# 3-18 Relative Scaling Reference Source

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the source for a variable value to
		be added to the fixed value defined in
		3-14 Preset Relative Reference.
[0] *	No Function	The function is disabled
[1]	Analog Input 53	Select analog input 53 as relative scaling
		reference source.
[2]	Analog Input 60	Select analog input 60 as relative scaling
		reference source.
[8]	Pulse Input 33	Select pulse input 33 as relative scaling
		reference source.
[11]	Local Bus	Select local bus ref. as relative scaling
	Reference	reference source.
[21]	LCP Potenti-	Select LCP potentiometer as relative
	ometer	scaling reference source.



# 4.4.3 3-4\* Ramp 1

A linear ramp is characterized by ramping up at a constant speed until the desired motor speed has been reached. Some overshoot may be experienced when reaching speed, which may cause speed jerks for a short while before stabilizing.

An S-ramp accelerates more smoothly thus compensating for jerks when the speed is reached.

See Illustration 4.6 for a comparison of the two ramp types.

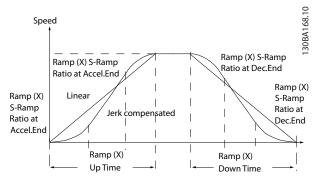


Illustration 4.6 Ramp Type Comparison

#### **Ramp Times**

Ramp up: Acceleration time from 0 to nominal motor frequency (1-23 Motor Frequency).

Deceleration time from nominal motor frequency (1-23 *Motor Frequency*) to 0.

#### Limitation

Too short ramp up time can result in Torque limit warning (W12) and/or DC over voltage warning (W7). Ramping is stopped when the frequency converter has reached Torque limit motor mode (4-16 Torque Limit in Motor Mode). Too short ramp down time can result in Torque limit warning (W12) and/or DC over voltage warning (W7). Ramping is stopped when the frequency converter reaches the Torque limit generator mode (4-17 Torque Limit in Generator Mode) and/or the internal DC over voltage limit.

#### 3-40 Ramp1 Type

Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Linear	Constant acceleration/deceleration.	
[2]	S-ramp	mp Smooth jerk compensated acceleration/	
		deceleration.	

#### 3-41 Ramp1 Ramp-up Time

Range:	Function:	
Size	[0.05-3600.00 s]	Enter ramp-up time from 0 Hz to
related*		rated motor frequency (f <sub>M,N</sub> ) set in
		1-23 Motor Frequency.
		Select a ramp-up time ensuring
		that torque limit is not exceeded,
		see 4-16 Torque Limit in Motor
		Mode.

#### 3-42 Ramp1 Ramp-down Time

Range:	Function:	
Size	[0.05-3600.00	Enter ramp down time from rated
related*	s]	motor frequency (f <sub>M,N</sub> ) in <i>1-23 Motor</i>
		Frequency to 0 Hz.
		Select a ramp down time that does
		not cause overvoltage in the inverter
		due to regenerative operation of
		motor. Furthermore, regenerative
		torque must not exceed limit set in
		4-17 Torque Limit in Generator Mode.

# 4.4.4 3-5\* Ramp2

See parameter group 3-4\* Ramp 1 for a description of ramp types.

# NOTICE

Ramp2 - alternative ramp times:

Changing from Ramp1 to Ramp2 is done via the digital input. See 5-1\* Digital Inputs, option [34].

#### 3-50 Ramp2 Type

Option:		ion:	Function:
	[0] *	Linear	Constant acceleration/deceleration.
	[2]	[2] S-ramp Smooth jerk compensated acceleration/	
			deceleration.

# 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time

Range:		Function:
Size	[0.05-3600.00 s]	Enter ramp-up time from 0 Hz to
related*		rated motor frequency (f <sub>M,N</sub> ) set in
		1-23 Motor Frequency.
		Choose a ramp-up time ensuring
		that torque limit is not exceeded,
		see 4-16 Torque Limit in Motor
		Mode.

#### 3-52 Ramp2 Ramp-down Time

Range:	Function:	
Size	[0.05-3600.00	Enter ramp down time from rated
related	s]	motor frequency (f <sub>M,N</sub> ) in 1-23 Motor
		Frequency to 0 Hz.
		Choose a ramp down time that does
		not cause over-voltage in inverter
		due to regenerative operation of
		motor. Furthermore, regenerative
		torque must not exceed limit set in
		4-17 Torque Limit in Generator Mode.

Л

# 4.4.5 3-8\* Other Ramps

This section contains parameters for Jog and Quick Stop Ramps.

With a Jog Ramp it is possible to both ramp up and down whereas, it is only possible to ramp down with the Quick Stop Ramp.

# 3-80 Jog Ramp Time

Range:		Function:
Size	[0.05-3600.00	A linear ramp applicable when Jog
related*	s]	is activated. See parameter group
		5-1* Digital Inputs, option [14].
		Ramp up time = Ramp down time.
		Jog Ramp time starts upon
		activation of a jog signal via a
		selected digital input or serial
		communication port.

# 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time

Range:		Function:
Size related*	[0.05-3600.00 s]	A linear ramp applicable when
		Q-stop is activated. See
		parameter group 5-1* Digital
		Inputs, option [4].



# 4.5 Parameter Group 4: Limits/Warnings

Parameter group for configuring limits and warning.

# 4.5.1 4-1\* Motor Limits

Use these parameters for defining the speed, torque and current working range for the motor.

4-10 Mot	or Speed	Direction
----------	----------	-----------

Opt	ion:	Function:
		If terminals 96, 97 and 98 are connected to U, V and W respectively, the motor runs clockwise when seen from the front.  NOTICE  This parameter cannot be adjusted while
		the motor is running
[0] *	Clockwise	The motor shaft rotates in clockwise direction. This setting prevents the motor from running in counterclockwise direction. If 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to close loop control, 4-10 Motor Speed Direction will be automatically set to clockwise.
[1]	Counter- clockwise	The motor shaft rotates in counterclockwise direction. This setting prevents the motor from running in clockwise direction.
[2]	Both	With this setting the motor can run in both directions. However, the output frequency is limited to the range: Motor Speed Low Limit (4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit) to Motor Speed High Limit (4-14 Motor Speed High Limit). If 1-00 Configuration Mode is set to open loop control, 4-10 Motor Speed Direction will be automatically set to both direction

# 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit

Range	:	Function:
0.0 Hz*	[0.0-400.0 Hz]	Set the Minimum Motor Speed Limit
		corresponding to the minimum output
		frequency of the motor shaft.
		NOTICE
		As the minimum output frequency is an absolute value, it cannot be deviated from.

# 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit

Range:		Function:
65.0 Hz*	[0.0-400.0 Hz]	Set the Maximum Motor Speed
		corresponding to the maximum output
		frequency of the motor shaft.
		NOTICE
		As the maximum output
		frequency is an absolute value, it
		cannot be deviated from.

# 4-16 Torque Limit in Motor Mode

Range:		Function:
150 %*	[0-400%]	Set the torque limit for motor operation.
		The setting is not automatically reset to
		default when changing settings in 1-00
		Configuration Mode to 1-25 Load & Motor.

# 4-17 Torque Limit in Generator Mode

Range:		Function:
100 %*	[0-400%]	Set the torque limit for generator mode
		operation.
		The setting is not automatically reset to
		default when changing settings in 1-00
		Configuration Mode to 1-25 Load & Motor.

# 4.5.2 4-4\* Adjustable Warnings 2

4-40 Warning Freq. Low		
Range:		Function:
Size	[0-	Use this parameter to set a lower limit for
related*	400	the frequency range.
	Hz]	When the motor speed drops below this
		limit, the display reads SPEED LOW. Warning
		bit 10 is set in <i>16-94 Ext. Status Word.</i> The
		output relay or the digital output can be
		configured to indicate this warning. The LCP
		warning indicator light is not turned on
		when this parameter set limit is reached.

# 4-41 Warning Freq. High

Use this parameter to set a higher limit for the frequency range. When the motor speed exceeds this limit, the display reads SPEED HIGH. Warning bit 9 is set in 16-94 Ext. Status Word. The output relay or the digital output can be configured to indicate this warning. The LCP warning indicator light is not turned on when this parameter set limit is reached.

Range:	Function:	
Size related*	[0 - 400 Hz]	

4

# 4.5.3 4-5\* Adjustable Warnings

Parameter group containing adjustable warning limits for current, speed, reference and feedback.

Warnings are shown in display, programmed output or serial bus.

4-50 Warning Current Low		
Range:	Function:	
	Use this parameter to set	
	the current range.	
	If current drops below the	

Use this parameter to set a lower limit for the current range.

If current drops below the set limit, warning bit 8 is set in 16-94 Ext. Status Word.

Output Relay can be configured to indicate this warning. LCP warning light does not light when this parameter's set limit is reached.

0.00 [0.00- Set value for low current limit.

#### 4-51 Warning Current High

	_	
Range:		Function:
		Use this parameter to set an upper limit for
		the current range.
		If current exceeds the set limit, warning bit
		7 is set in 16-94 Ext. Status Word.
		Output Relay can be configured to indicate
		this warning. LCP warning light does not
		light when this parameter's set limit is
		reached.
100.00	[0.00-	Set upper current limit.
A*	100.00 A]	

# 4-54 Warning Reference Low

Range:		Function:
-4999.000*	[-4999.000–	Use this parameter to set a lower
	Depends on the	limit for the reference range.
	value of <i>4-55</i>	When the actual reference falls
	Warning	below this limit, the display reads
	Reference High]	Reference Low. Warning bit 20 is
		set in 16-94 Ext. Status Word.
		Output Relay can be configured to
		indicate this warning. LCP warning
		light does not light when this
		parameter set limit is reached.

4-55 Warning Reference High			
Range:		Function:	
4999*	[-4999 -	Use this parameter to set a higher limit for	
	4999 ]	the reference range.	
		When the actual reference exceeds this limit,	
		the display reads <i>Reference High</i> . Warning bit	
		19 is set in 16-94 Ext. Status Word. The output	
		relay or the digital output can be configured	
		to indicate this warning. The LCP warning	
	Rang	Range: 4999* [-4999 -	

4-55 Warning Reference High		
Rang	e:	Function:
		indicator light is not turned on when this parameter set limit is reached.

4-56	4-56 Warning Feedback Low		
Range	e:	Function:	
-4999*	[-4999 - 4999]	Use this parameter to set a lower limit for the feedback range.  When the feedback drops below this limit, the display reads <i>Feedback Low</i> . Warning bit 6 is set in 16-94 Ext. Status Word. The output relay or digital output can be configured to indicate this warning. The LCP warning indicator light does not light when this	
		parameter set limit is reached.	

4-57 Warning Feedback High		
Rang	e:	Function:
4999*	[-4999 - 4999]	Use this parameter to set a higher limit for the feedback range.  When the feedback exceeds this limit, the display reads <i>Feedback High</i> . Warning bit 5 is set in <i>16-94 Ext. Status Word</i> . The output relay or digital output can be configured to indicate this warning. The LCP warning indicator light does not light when this parameter set limit is reached.

#### 4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function

#### Option: Function:

A missing motor phase causes the motor torque to drop. This monitor may be disabled for special purposes (eg. small motors running pure U/f mode), but as there is a risk of overheating the motor, Danfoss strongly recommends that the function is On. A missing motor phase causes the frequency converter to trip and report an alarm.

# NOTICE

This parameter cannot be changed while motor runs.

[0]	Off	Function is disabled.
[1] *	On	Function is enabled.

# 4.5.4 4-6\* Speed Bypass

In some applications mechanical resonance may occur. Avoid resonance points by creating a bypass. The frequency converter ramps through the bypass area thereby passing mechanical resonance points quickly.



# 4-61 Speed Bypass From [Hz]

Array [2]

Range: Function:

0.0 Hz*	[0.0–	Enter either the lower or upper limit of the	
	400.0 Hz]	speeds to be avoided.	
		It does not matter whether Bypass From or	
		Bypass To is the upper or lower limit,	
		however the Speed Bypass function is	
		disabled if the two parameters are set to	
		the same value.	

# 4-63 Speed Bypass To [Hz]

Array [2]

Range:		Function:
0.0 Hz*	[0.0-400.0	Enter either the upper or lower limit of
	Hz]	the speed area to be avoided.
		Make sure to enter the <b>opposite</b> limit of

that in 4-61 Speed Bypass From [Hz].

# 4

# 4.6 Parameter Group 5: Digital In/Out

The following describes all digital input command functions and signals.

# 4.6.1 5-1\* Digital Inputs

Parameters for configuring the functions for the input terminals.

The digital inputs are used for selecting various functions in the frequency converter. All digital inputs can be set to the following:

[0]	No	The frequency converter will not react to	
	Operation	signals transmitted to the terminal.	
[1]	Reset	Reset the frequency converter after a Trip/	
		Alarm. Not all alarms can be reset.	
[2]	Coast Inverse	Coasting stop, inverted input (NC). The	
		frequency converter leaves the motor in free	
		mode.	
[3]	Coast and	Reset and coasting stop inverted input (NC).	
	reset inv.	The frequency converter resets and leaves	
		the motor in free mode.	
[4]	Quick stop	Inverted input (NC). Generates a stop in	
	inverse	accordance with the quick-stop ramp time	
		set in 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time. When	
		motor stops, shaft is in free mode.	
[5]	DC-brake inv.	Inverted input for DC braking (NC). Stops	
		motor by energizing it with DC current for a	
		certain time period, see 2-01 DC Brake	
		Current. Function is only active when value in	
		2-02 DC-Braking Time is different from 0.	
		Stop inverted function. Generates stop	
		function when selected terminal goes from	
		logical level "1" to "0". Stop is performed	
		according to selected ramp time.	
[8]	Start	Select start for a start/stop command.	
		1 = Start, 0 = stop.	
[9]	Latched start	Motor starts if a pulse is applied for min. 2	
		ms. Motor stops when Stop inverse is	
		activated.	
[10]	Reversing	Change direction of motor shaft rotation.	
		Reversing signal only changes direction of	
		rotation; it does not activate start function.	
		Select [2] Both directions in 4.10 Motor Speed	
		Direction.	
		0 = normal, 1 = reversing.	
[11]	Start	Use for start/stop and for reversing at the	
	reversing	same time. Signals on start [8] are not	
		allowed at the same time.	
		0 = stop, 1 = start reversing.	
[12]	Enable start	Use if motor shaft must rotate clockwise at	
forward start.		start.	
[13] Enable start Use if moto		Use if motor shaft must rotate counter-	
	reverse clockwise at start.		

[14]	Jog	Use for activating jog speed. See <i>3-11 Jog Speed</i> .	
[16]	Preset	Preset reference bit 0, 1 and 2 enables a	
	reference bit	choice between one of the eight preset	
	0	references according to below.	
[17]	Preset	Same as preset reference bit 0 [16], see 3-10	
	reference bit	Preset Reference.	
	1	, reset nererance	
[18]	Preset	Same as preset reference bit 0 [16].	
[10]	reference bit	Jame as preset reference bit o [10].	
	2		
[4.0]	_		
[19]	Freeze	Freeze actual reference. The frozen reference	
	reference	is now the point of enable/condition for	
		Speed up and Speed down to be used. If	
		Speed up/down is used, speed change	
		always follows ramp 2 (3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up	
		Time and 3-52 Ramp2 Ramp-down Time) in	
		the range 3-02 Minimum Reference - 3-03	
		Maximum Reference.	
[20]	Freeze	Freeze the actual motor frequency (Hz). The	
	output	frozen motor frequency is now the point of	
		enable/condition for Speed up and Speed	
		down to be used. If Speed up/down is used,	
		the speed change always follows ramp 2 in	
		the range 4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit - 4-14	
		Motor Speed High Limit.	
		NOTICE	
		NOTICE	
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		When freeze output is active, the	
		frequency converter cannot be	
		frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop	
		frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal	
		frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2]	
		frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2]	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3]. Select Speed up and Speed down if digital	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated	
[21]	Speed up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference	
[21]	Speed up  Speed down	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2	
		frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.	
[22]	Speed down	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].	
[22]	Speed down Setup select bit 0	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.	
[22]	Speed down Setup select	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.  Select Catch up/Slow down to increase or	
[22]	Speed down Setup select bit 0	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.  Select Catch up/Slow down to increase or reduce the resulting reference value by the	
[22]	Speed down Setup select bit 0	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.  Select Catch up/Slow down to increase or reduce the resulting reference value by the percentage set in 3-12 Catch Up/Slow Down	
[22] [23] [28]	Speed down Setup select bit 0 Catch up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.  Select Catch up/Slow down to increase or reduce the resulting reference value by the percentage set in 3-12 Catch Up/Slow Down Value	
[22] [23] [28]	Speed down Setup select bit 0 Catch up Slow down	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.  Select Catch up/Slow down to increase or reduce the resulting reference value by the percentage set in 3-12 Catch Up/Slow Down Value  Same as Catch up [28]	
[22] [23] [28]	Speed down Setup select bit 0 Catch up	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.  Select Catch up/Slow down to increase or reduce the resulting reference value by the percentage set in 3-12 Catch Up/Slow Down Value  Same as Catch up [28]  Logic 0=Ramp1, see parameter group 3-4*	
[22] [23] [28]	Speed down Setup select bit 0 Catch up Slow down	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.  Select Catch up/Slow down to increase or reduce the resulting reference value by the percentage set in 3-12 Catch Up/Slow Down Value  Same as Catch up [28]  Logic 0=Ramp1, see parameter group 3-4* Ramp1	
[22] [23] [28]	Speed down Setup select bit 0 Catch up Slow down	frequency converter cannot be stopped via a low [8] Start signal. Stop the frequency converter via a terminal programmed for Coasting Inverse [2] or Coast and reset, inverse [3].  Select Speed up and Speed down if digital control of the up/down speed is desired (motor potentiometer). Activate this function by selecting either Freeze reference or Freeze output. When Speed-up is activated for less than 400 ms. the resulting reference will be increased by 0.1%. If Speed-up is activated for more than 400 ms. the resulting reference will ramp according to ramp 2 in 3-51 Ramp2 Ramp-up Time.  Same as Speed-up [21].  Set 0-10 Active set-up to Multi set-up. Logic 0 = set up 1, Logic 1 = Set up 2.  Select Catch up/Slow down to increase or reduce the resulting reference value by the percentage set in 3-12 Catch Up/Slow Down Value  Same as Catch up [28]  Logic 0=Ramp1, see parameter group 3-4*	



[60]	Counter A (up)	Input for counter A.
[61]	Counter A	Input for counter A.
	(down)	
[62]	Reset	Input for reset of counter A.
	counter A	
[63]	Counter B	Input for counter B.
	(up)	
[64]	Counter B	Input for counter B.
	(down)	
[65]	Reset	Input for reset of counter B.
	counter B	

# 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input

Option:	Fun	ction:

[8] *	Start	Select function from available digital input range.
		See parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs for choices.

# 5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
[10] *	Reversing	Select function from available digital input
		range.
		See parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs for
		choices.

# 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input

# Option: Function:

[1] *	Reset	Select function from available digital input range.	
		See parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs* for choices.	

# 5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input

# Option: Function:

[14] *	Jog	Select function from available digital input range.
		See parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs for choices.

# 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input

Option:		Function:
[16] * Preset bit 0		Select function from available digital input
		range.
		See parameter group 5-1* Digital Inputs for
		choices.

# 4.6.2 5-3\* Digital Outputs

# 5-34 On Delay, Digital Output

Enter the delay time before the digital output is switched on. The digital output (terminal 42/45) condition must not be interrupted during the delay time.

Range:	Function:	
0.01 s*	[0 - 600 s]	

# 5-35 Off Delay, Digital Output

Enter the delay time before the digital output is switched off. The digital output (terminal 42/45) condition must not be interrupted during the delay time.

Range:	, 	Function:
0.01 s*	[0 - 600 s]	

# 4.6.3 5-4\* Relays

Parameter group for configuring timing and output functions for relays.

[0]	No Operation	Default for all digital and relay outputs.	
[1]	Control Ready	rol Ready Control board receives supply voltage.	
[2]	Drive Ready	Frequency converter is ready for	
		operation and applies supply signal on	
		control board.	
[3]	Drive Ready,	Frequency converter is ready for	
	Remote	operation in Auto On-mode.	
[4]	Enable/No	Frequency converter is ready for	
	Warning	operation. No start or stop command is	
		given. No warnings are present.	
[5]	Drive Running	Motor is running.	
[6]	Running/No Warning	Motor runs, and no warning are present.	
[7]	Run in Range/No	Motor runs within programmed current	
	Warning	ranges, see 4-50 Warning Current Low	
		and 4-51 Warning Current High. No	
		warnings are present.	
[8]	Run on ref/No Warning	Motor runs at reference speed.	
[9]	Alarm	An alarm activates output.	
[10]	Alarm on Warning	An alarm or warning activates output.	
[12]	Out of Current	Motor current is outside range set in	
	Range	4-50 Warning Current Low and 4-51	
		Warning Current High.	
[13]	Below Current,	Motor current is lower than set in 4-50	
	low	Warning Current Low.	
[14]	Above Current,	Motor current is higher than set in 4-51	
	high	Warning Current High.	
[16]	Below Frequency,	Motor speed is lower than set in 4-40	
	low	Warning Frequency Low.	
[17]	Above	Motor speed is higher than set in 4-41	
	Frequency, high	Warning Frequency High.	
[19]	Below Feedback,	Feedback is lower than set in 4-56	
	low	Warning Feedback Low.	
[20]	Above Feedback,	Feedback is higher than set in 4-57	
	high	Warning Feedback High.	
[21]	Thermal Warning	Thermal warning is present when	
		temperature exceeds limit in motor,	
		frequency converter, brake resistor or	
		thermistor.	

Frequency converter is ready for

[22] Ready, No



[22]	neday, No	Trequency converter is ready for
	Thermal Warning	operation and no over-temperature
		warning is present.
[23]	Remote Ready,	Frequency converter is ready for
	No Thermal	operation in Auto mode, and no over-
	Warning	temperature warning is present.
[24]	Ready, Voltage	Frequency converter is ready for
	ОК	operation and mains voltage is within
		specified voltage range.
[25]	Reverse	Motor runs/is ready to run clockwise
		when logic = 0 and counter clockwise
		when logic = 1. Output changes as soon
		as reversing signal is applied.
[26]	Bus OK	Active communication (no time-out) via
		serial communication port.
[28]	Brake, No Warn	Brake is active, and no warnings are
		present.
[29]	Brake Ready/No	Brake is ready for operation, and no
	Fault	faults are present.
[30]	Brake Fault (IGBT)	Protects frequency converter if fault on
		brake modules is present. Use relay to
		cut out main voltage from frequency
		converter.
[32]	Mech. Brake	Enables control of external mechanical
	Control	brake, see parameter group 2-2*
		Mechanical Brake.
[36]	Control Word Bit 11	Bit 11 in control word controls relay.
[41]	Below Reference,	Reference is lower than set in 4-54
	low	Warning Reference Low.
[42]	Above Reference,	Reference is higher than set in 4-55
	high	Warning Reference High.
[51]	Local Reference	
	Active	
[52]	Remote	
	Reference Active	
[53]	No Alarm	
[54]	Start Cmd Active	
[55]	Running Reverse	
[56]	Drive in Hand Mode	
[57]	Drive in Auto Mode	
[60]	Comparator 0	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators.
		If comparator 0 is evaluated as TRUE,
		output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.
[61]	Comparator 1	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators.
-	, ,	If comparator 1 is evaluated as TRUE,
		output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.
[62]	Comparator 2	See parameter group 13-1* Comparators.

[70]	Logic Rule 0	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If
		Logic Rule 1 is evaluated as TRUE,
		output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.
[71]	Logic Rule 1	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If
		Logic Rule 2 is evaluated as TRUE,
		output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.
[72]	Logic Rule 2	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If
		Logic Rule 3 is evaluated as TRUE,
		output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.
[73]	Logic Rule 3	See parameter group 13-4* Logic Rules. If
		Logic Rule 3 is evaluated as TRUE,
		output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.
[81]	SL Digital Output	See 13-52 SL Control Action. When Smart
	В	Logic Action [39] Set dig. out. A high is
		executed, input goes high. When Smart
		Logic Action [33] Set dig. out. A low is
		executed, input goes low.

# 5-40 Function Relay

	Option:		Function:
ĺ	[0] *	No Operation	Select function from available relay output
l			range.

# 5-41 On delay, Relay

Option:		Function:
[0.01 s] *	0.00-	Enter the delay of the relay cut-in time. If
	600.00 s	the Selected Event condition changes
		before the On delay timer expires, the
		relay output is unaffected. The function to
		control the relay see 5-40 Function Relay.

# 5-42 Off delay, Relay

Option:		Function:
[0.01 s] *	0.00-	Enter the delay of the relay cut-off time. If
	600.00 s	the Selected Event condition changes
		before the off delay timer expires, the
		relay output is unaffected. The function to
		control the relay see 5-40 Function Relay.

# 4.6.4 5-5\* Pulse Input

Set 5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input to choice [32] pulse input. Now terminal 33 handles a pulse input in the range from Low frequency, 5-55 Terminal 33 Low Frequency, to 5-56 Terminal 33 High Frequency. Scale frequency input via 5-57 Terminal 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value and 5-58 Terminal 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value.

# 5-55 Terminal 33 Low Frequency

Range	<b>:</b>	Function:
20 Hz*	[20-4999	Enter low frequency corresponding to low
	Hz]	motor shaft speed (i.e. low reference
		value) in 5-57 Terminal 33 Low Ref./Feedb.
		Value.

4

[63] Comparator 3

If comparator 2 is evaluated as TRUE, output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.

See parameter group 13-1\* Comparators.

If comparator 3 is evaluated as TRUE, output goes high. Otherwise, it is low.

Range:



# 5-56 Terminal 33 High Frequency

Range:	Function:	
5000 Hz*		Enter high frequency corresponding to
	Hz]	high motor shaft speed (i.e. high
		reference value) in 5-58 Terminal 33 High
		Ref./Feedb. Value.

# 5-57 Terminal 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value

Range	e:	Function:
0.000*	[-4999–4999]	Set reference/feedback value
		corresponding to low pulse frequency
		value set in 5-55 Terminal 33 Low
		Frequency.

# 5-58 Terminal 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value

60.000 Hz if parameter	[-4999-4999]	Set reference/feedback
0-03 is set to US;		value corresponding to
50.000 Hz if parameter		high pulse frequency
0-03 is set to Interna-		value set in 5-56 Terminal
tional*		33 High Frequency.

**Function:** 



# 4.7 Parameter Group 6: Analog In/Out

Parameter group for configuring analog inputs and outputs.

# 4.7.1 6-0\* Analog I/O Mode

Parameter group for setting up the analog I/O configuration.

# 6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time

Range:		Function:
		The Live Zero function is used for monitoring the
		signal on an analog input. If the signal disappears,
		a <i>Live Zero</i> warning is reported.
10 s*	[1–99	Set delay time before Live Zero Timeout Function is
s]		applied (6-01 Live Zero Timeout Time).
		If the signal reappears during the set delay, timer
		will be reset.
		When live zero is detected, the frequency
		converter freezes output frequency and starts <i>Live</i>
		Zero Timeout timer.

# 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Function is activated if input signal is below
		50% of value set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low
		Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current or 6-22
		Terminal 60 Low Current.
[0] *	Off	Function is disabled.
[1]	Freeze	Output frequency remains at value it had
	output	when live zero was detected.
[2]	Stop	Frequency converter ramps down to 0 Hz.
		Remove live zero error condition before
		restarting frequency converter.
[3]	Jogging	Frequency converter ramps to jog speed, see
		3-11 Jog Speed.
[4]	Max Speed	Frequency converter ramps to Motor Speed
		High Limit, see 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit.
[5]	Stop and	Frequency converter ramps down to 0 Hz and
	Trip	then trips. Remove live zero condition and
		activate reset before restarting the frequency
		converter.

# 4.7.2 6-1\* Analog Input 1

Parameters for configuring scaling and limits for analog input 1 (terminal 53).

# NOTICE

Micro switch 4 in position U:

6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage and 6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage are active.

Micro switch 4 in position I:

6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current and 6-13 Terminal 53 High Current are active.

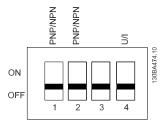


Illustration 4.7 S200 Switches 1-4

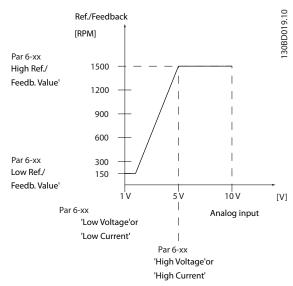


Illustration 4.8 Parameters for Configuring Analog Inputs

# 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage

Range:		Function:
		NOTICE
ord		The value must be set to min. 1 V in order to activate the Live Zero Timeout function in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function.
		This scaling value should correspond to minimum reference value set in 6-14  Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value. See also chapter 4.4 Parameter Group 3: Reference/Ramps.
0.07 V*	[0.00_	Enter low voltage value.
	9.90 V]	



6-11	Termina	53	High	Voltage

Range	:	Function:
		This scaling value should correspond to
		maximum reference value set in 6-15
		Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value.
10.0 V*	[0.10-10.00	Enter high voltage value.
	V]	

# 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current

Range:		Function:
		NOTICE
		The value must be set to min. 2 mA
		in order to activate the Live Zero
		Timeout function in 6-01 Live Zero
		Timeout Function.
		This reference signal should correspond
		to minimum reference value set in 6-14
		Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.
0.14	[0.00-	Enter the low current value.
mA*	19.90 mA]	

# 6-13 Terminal 53 High Current

Range:		Function:
		This reference signal should
		correspond to the maximum reference
		value set in 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./
		Feedb. Value.
20.00 mA*	[0.00-20.00	Enter high current value.
	mA]	

# 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value

Range:		Function:
		The scaling value corresponding to the
		low voltage/low current set in 6-10
		Terminal 53 Low Voltage and 6-12 Terminal
		53 Low Current.
0.000*	[-4999–	Enter analog input scaling value.
	4999]	

# 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value

Range:		Function:
		The scaling value
		corresponding to the high
		voltage/high current set in
		6-11 Terminal 53 High
		Voltage and 6-13 Terminal
		53 High Current.
60.000 Hz if	[-4999.000–	Enter analog input scaling
parameter 0-03 is	4999.000]	value.
set to US; 50.000 Hz		
if parameter 0-03 is		
set to International		
*		

# 6-16 Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant

Range:		Function:
		A first-order digital low pass filter time
		constant for suppressing electrical noise in
		terminal 53. A high time constant value
		improves dampening but also increases
		time delay through the filter.
0.01 s*	[0.01–10.00	Enter time constant.
	s]	

# 6-19 Terminal 53 Mode

Option:		Function:
		Select the input to be present on terminal
		53.
		NOTICE
		6-19 Terminal 53 Mode MUST be set
		according to Micro switch 4 setting.
[0] *	Voltage Mode	
[1]	Current Mode	

# 4.7.3 6-2\* Analog Input 2

Parameters for configuring scaling and limits for analog input 2, terminal 60.

# 6-22 Terminal 60 Low Current

Range:		Function:
		NOTICE
		The value must be set to min. 2 mA to activate the Live Zero Timeout function in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Time.
		This reference signal should correspond
		to minimum reference value set in 6-24
		Terminal 60 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.
0.14	[0.00-	Enter the low current value.
mA*	20.00 mA]	

# 6-23 Terminal 60 High Current

Range:		Function:
		This reference signal should
		correspond to the high current value
		set in 6-25 Terminal 60 High Ref./Feedb.
		Value.
20.00 mA*	[0.00-20.00	Enter high current value.
	mA]	

# 6-24 Terminal 60 Low Ref./Feedb. Value

Range:		Function:
		The scaling value corresponding to the
		low current set in 6-22 Terminal 60 Low
		Current.
0.000*	[-4999–4999]	Enter analog input scaling value.

# 6-25 Terminal 60 High Ref./Feedb. Value Range: Function: The scaling value corresponding to the high current set in 6-23 Terminal 60 High Current.

corresponding to the high current set in 6-23
Terminal 60 High Current.

60.000 Hz if
parameter 0-03 is set to US; 50.000 Hz if
parameter 0-03 is set to International \*

# 6-26 Terminal 60 Filter Time Constant

Range:		Function:
		A first-order digital low pass filter time
		constant for suppressing electrical noise in
		terminal 60. A high time constant value
		improves dampening, but also increases
		time delay through the filter.
		NOTICE
		This parameter cannot be changed
		while motor runs.
0.01 s*	[0.01–	Enter time constant.
	10.00 s]	

# 4.7.4 6-8\* LCP Potentiometer

The LCP potentiometer can be selected either as Reference Resource or Relative Reference Resource.

# NOTICE

In Hand mode, the LCP potentiometer functions as local reference.

6-80	6-80 LCP Potmeter Enable		
Opt	ion:	Function:	
		If LCP Potmeter is disabled, $[\blacktriangle]$ $[\blacktriangledown]$ can adjust local reference, and Potmeter value does not give any reference in Auto/Hand mode.	
[0]	Disabled		
[1] *	Enable		

# 6-81 LCP Potentiometer Low Ref. Value

Kange:		runction:
		The scaling value corresponding to 0.
0.000*	[-4999–4999]	Enter low reference value.
		The reference value corresponding to
		potentiometer turned fully counter-
		clockwise (0 degrees).

# 6-82 LCP Potentiometer High Ref. Value

Range:		Function:
		The scaling value
		corresponding to the
		maximum reference feedback
		value set in 3-03 Maximum
		Reference.
60.000 Hz if	[-4999–	Enter high reference value.
parameter 0-03 is set	4999]	The reference value
to US; 50.000 Hz if		corresponding to potenti-
parameter 0-03 is set		ometer turned fully clockwise
to International *		(200 degrees).

# 4.7.5 6-9\* Analog Output

These parameters are for configuring the analog outputs of the frequency converter.

6-90 Terminal 42 Mode			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	0-20 mA	Range for analog outputs is 0-20 mA	
[1]	4-20 mA	Range for analog outputs is 4-20 mA	
[2]	Digital	Functions as slow reacting digital output. Set	
	output	value to either 0 mA (off) or 20 mA (on), see	
		6-92 Terminal 42 Digital Output.	

# 6-91 Terminal 42 Analog Output

Option:		Function:	
		Select the function for terminal	
		42 as an analog output.	
[0] *	No Operation		
[10]	Output Frequency [0-100 Hz]		
[11]	Reference (REF min-max)	3-02 Minimum Reference to 3-03 Minimum Reference.	
[12]	Feedback (FB min-max)		
[13]	Motor Current (0-I <sub>max</sub> )	16-37 Inv. Max. Current is I <sub>max</sub> .	
[16]	Power (0-P <sub>nom</sub> )	1-20 Motor Power is P <sub>nom</sub> (motor).	
[19]	DC Link Voltage (0-1000		
	V)		
[20]	Bus Reference [0.0%	The analog output will follow	
	-100.0%]	the reference value set on the	
		RS-485 bus.	

# 6-92 Terminal 42 Digital Output

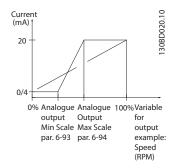
Opt	ion:	Function:
		See parameter group 5-4* Relays, for
		choices and descriptions.
[0] *	No Operation	
[80]	SL Digital	See 13-52 SL Control Action. When Smart
	Output A	Logic Action [38] Set dig. out. A high is
		executed, input goes high. When Smart
		Logic Action [32] Set dig. out. A low is
		executed, input goes low.



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# 6-93 Terminal 42 Output Min. Scale

# Range: Function: | 0.00% | [0.00-200.0%] | Scale minimum output of selected analog signal at terminal 42 as percentage of maximum signal value. E.g. if 0 mA (or 0 Hz) is desired at 25% of maximum output value, program 25%. Scaling values up to 100% can never be higher than corresponding setting in 6-94 Terminal 42 Output Min. Scale.



**Illustration 4.9 Analog Output Parameters** 

# 6-94 Terminal 42 Output Max. Scale

Range:	Function:	
100.00%*	[0.00–	Scale maximum output of selected analog
	200.00%]	signal at terminal 42. Set value to
		maximum value of current signal output.
		Scale output to give a current lower than
		20 mA at full scale; or 20 mA at an
		output below 100% of maximum signal
		value.
		If 20 mA is the desired output current at
		a value between 0-100% of the full-scale
		output, programme percentage value in
		the parameter, i.e. $50\% = 20$ mA. If a
		current between 4 and 20 mA is desired
		at maximum output (100%), calculate
		percentage value as follows:
		$\frac{20 \text{ mA}}{\text{desired maximum current}} \times 100\%$
		i.e.
		$10 \ mA = \frac{20}{10} \times 100 = 200\%$

4

# 4.8 Parameter Group 7: Controllers

Parameters group for configuring application controls.

#### 4.8.1 7-2\* Process Ctrl. Feedback

Select feedback sources and handling for Process PI Control.

# NOTICE

Set 3-15 Reference 1 Source to [0] No Function in order to use Analog Input as a feedback signal.

In order to use analog input as a feedback resource, do not use the same resource as reference resource in parameters 3-15, 3-16 and 3-17.

#### 7-20 Process CL Feedback Resources

Option:		Function:
		Select input to function as feedback
		signal.
[0] *	No Function	
[1]	Analog Input 53	
[2]	Analog Input 60	
[8]	Pulse Input 33	
[11]	Local Bus	

# 4.8.2 7-3\* Process PI Control

# 7-30 Process PI Normal/Inverse Control

Option:		Function:
[0] *	Normal	Feedback larger than setpoint results in a speed
		reduction.
		Feedback less than setpoint results in a speed
		increase.
[1]	Inverse	Feedback larger than setpoint results in a speed
		increase.
		Feedback less than setpoint results in a speed
		reduction.

## 7-31 Process PI Anti Windup

Option:		Function:	
[0]	Disable	Regulation of a given error continues even when	
		the output frequency cannot be increased/	
		decreased.	
[1] *	Enable	le PI-controller ceases from regulating a given error	
		when the output frequency cannot be increased/	
		decreased.	

# 7-32 Process PI Start Speed

Range	:	Function:
0.0 Hz*	[0.0-200.0 Hz]	Until the set motor speed has been
		reached, the frequency converter
		operates in open loop mode.

# 7-33 Process PI Proportional Gain

Option:		Function:
[0.01] *	0.00-10.00	Enter the value for the P proportional gain,
		i.e. the multiplication factor of the error
		between the setpoint and the feedback
		signal.
		NOTICE
		0.00=Off.

# 7-34 Process PI Integral Time

Range:		Function:
9999.00 s*	[0.10–	The integrator provides an increasing
	9999.00 s]	gain at a constant error between the
		set point and the feedback signal. The
		integral time is the time needed by the
		integrator to reach the same gain as
		the proportional gain.

# 7-38 Process Feed Forward Factor

Range:		Function:
0%*	[0-	The FF factor sends a part of the reference
	400%]	signal around the PI controller which then only
		affects part of the control signal.
		By activating the FF factor less overshoot and
		high dynamics are gained when changing the
		setpoint.
		This parameter is always active when 1-00
		Configuration Mode is set to [3] Process.

# 7-39 On Reference Bandwidth

Range:		Function:
5%	[0-200%]	Enter the value for the On Reference
		Bandwidth.
		The PI control error is the difference between
		setpoint and feedback and when this is less
		than the value set in this parameter the On
		Reference is active.



# 4.9 Parameter Group 8: Communication

Parameter group for configuring communication.

# 4.9.1 8-0\* General Settings

Use this parameter group for configuring the general settings for communication.

8-01	Control	Site

Opt	ion:	Function:
[0] *	Digital and	Use both digital input and control word
	Control Word	as control.
[1]	Digital Only	Use digital input as control.
[2]	Control Word	Use control word only as control.
	Only	NOTICE
		The setting in this parameter overrules settings in 8-50 Coasting Select to 8-56 Preset Reference Select.

# 8-02 Control Word Source

Option:		Function:
[0]	None	Function is inactive
[1] *	FC RS-485	Monitoring control word source is done via
		serial communication port RS-485.

# 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Range:		Function:
1.0 s*	[0.1–6500 s]	Enter time to pass before control word
		timeout function (8-04 Control Word
		Timeout Function) must be carried out.

# 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function

Option:		Function:
		Select the action to be taken in case of a
		timeout.
[0] *	Off	No function.
[1]	Freeze Output	Freeze output until communication
		resumes.
[2]	Stop	Stop with auto restart when communication
		resumes.
[3]	Jogging	Run motor at jog frequency until communi-
		cation resumes.
[4]	Max. Speed	Run motor at max. frequency until
		communication resumes.
[5]	Stop and Trip	Stop motor, then reset frequency converter
		in order to restart either via LCP or digital
		input.

# 8-06 Reset Control Word Timeout

Option:		Function:
		Resetting the control word timeout will
		remove any timeout function.
[0] *	No Function	Control word timeout is not reset.
[1]	Do Reset	Control word timeout is reset, and parameter
		goes into [0] No Function state.

# 4.9.2 8-3\* FC Port Settings

Parameters for configuring the FC Port.

8-30	8-30 Protocol		
Option:		Function:	
		Select the protocol to be used. Note that changing protocol will not be effective until after powering off the frequency converter.	
[0] *	FC		
[2]	Modbus RTU		

# 8-31 Address

Ra	inge:	Function:
		Select the address for the bus.
1*	[1 - Protocol-dependent]	FC-bus range is 1-126.
		Modbus range is 1-247.

# 8-32 FC Port Baud Rate

Option:		Function:
		Select baud rate for FC Port. <b>NOTICE</b>
		Changing baud rate will be effective after responding to any ongoing busrequests.
[0]	2400 Baud	
[1]	4800 Baud	
[2] *	9600 Baud	When choosing FC bus in 8-30
[3] *	19200 Baud	When choosing Modbus in 8-30
[4]	38400 Baud	

# 8-33 FC Port Parity

Option:		Function:
		This parameter only affects Modbus
		as FC bus always has even parity.
[0] *	Even Parity (1 stopbit)	
[1]	Odd parity	
[2]	No Parity (1 stopbit)	
[3]	No Parity (2 stopbit)	

# 8-35 Minimum Response Delay

Range:			Function:
	0.010 s*	[0.001-0.500 s]	Specify minimum delay time between
			receiving a request and transmitting a
			response.

4

# Range: Function: 5.000 s\* [0.010-10.00 s] Specify maximum permissible delay time between transmitting a request and receiving a response. Exceeding this time delay causes control word timeout.

# 4.9.3 8-4\* FC MC Protocol Set

# 8-42 FC Port PCD Write Configuration

Range:		Function:
Size	[0-9999]	Select the parameters
related		to be assigned to the
		telegrams of PCDs.
		The number of
		available PCDs
		depends on the
		telegram type. The
		values in PCDs are
		then written to the
		selected parameters
		as data values.
[0] *	None	
[1]	[302] Minimum Reference	
[2]	[303] Maximum Reference	
[3]	[312] Catch up/Slow Down	
	Value	
[4]	[341] Ramp 1 Ramp up time	
[5]	[342] Ramp 1 Ramp down	
	time	
[6]	[351] Ramp 2 Ramp up time	
[7]	[352] Ramp 2 Ramp down	
	time	
[8]	[380] Jog Ramp Time	
[9]	[381] Quick Stop Time	
[10]	[412] Motor Speed Low Limit	
	[Hz]	
[11]	[414] Motor Speed High Limit	
	[Hz]	
[12]	[416] Torque Limit Motor	
	Mode	
[13]	[417] Torque Limit Generator	
	Mode	
[14]	FC Port CTW	
[15]	FC Port REF	

# 8-43 FC Port PCD Read Configuration

Array [16]

Option: Function:

Op.		- unctioni
[0] *	None	
[1]	1500 Operation Hours	
[2]	1501 Running Hours	
[3]	1502 kWh Counter	
[4]	1600 Control Word	

# 8-43 FC Port PCD Read Configuration

Array [16]

unction:

Opt	ion:	Function:
[5]	1601 Reference [Unit]	
[6]	1602 Reference %	
[7]	1603 Status Word	
[8]	1605 Main Actual Value [%]	
[9]	1609 Custom Readout	
[10]	1610 Power [kW]	
[11]	1611 Power [hp]	
[12]	1612 Motor Voltage	
[13]	1613 Frequency	
[14]	1614 Motor Current	
[15]	1615 Frequency [%]	
[16]	1618 Motor Thermal	
[17]	1630 DC Link Voltage	
[18]	1634 Heatsink Temp.	
[19]	1635 Inverter Thermal	
[20]	1638 SL Controller State	
[21]	1650 External Reference	
[22]	1651 Pulse Reference	
[23]	1652 Feedback [Unit]	
[24]	1660 Digital Input 18,19,27,33	
[25]	1661 Digtial Input 29	
[26]	1662 Analog Input 53(V)	
[27]	1663 Analog Input 53(mA)	
[28]	1664 Analog Input 60	
[29]	1665 Analog Output 42 [mA]	
[30]	1668 Freq. Input 33 [Hz]	
[31]	1671 Relay Output [bin]	
[32]	1672 Counter A	
[33]	1673 Counter B	
[34]	1690 Alarm Word	
[35]	1692 Warning Word	
[36]	1694 Ext. Status Word	
		Select the parameters to be
		assigned to PCD's of
		telegrams. The number of
		available PCDs depends on
		the telegrams. This table is
		not for [0] array and [1]
		array . For these two arrays,
		index 1 is fixed to [7] and
		index 2 is fixed to [8]. These
		two arrays cannot be
		changed by end user.



# 4.9.4 8-5\* Digital/Bus

Parameters for configuring control word Digital/Bus merging.

# NOTICE

Parameters are only active when 8-01 Control Site, is set to [0] Digital and control word.

### 8-50 Coasting Select

Option:		Function:	
		Select control of coasting function via digital	
		input and/or bus.	
[0]	Digital Input	Activation via a digital input.	
[1]	Bus	Activation via serial communication port.	
[2]	LogicAnd	Activation via serial communication port and	
		a digital input.	
[3] *	LogicOr	Activation via serial communication port or a	
		digital input.	

# 8-51 Quick Stop Select

Option:	Function:
---------	-----------

		Select control of quick stop function via
		digital input and/or bus.
[0]	Digital Input	Activation via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activation via serial communication port.
[2]	LogicAnd	Activation via serial communication port and
		a digital input.
[3] *	LogicOr	Activation via serial communication port or a
		digital input.

# 8-52 DC Brake Select

#### Option: Function:

		Select control of DC brake via digital input
		and/or bus.
[0]	Digital Input	Activation via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activation via serial communication port.
[2]	LogicAnd	Activation via serial communication port and
		a digital input.
[3] *	LogicOr	Activation via serial communication port or a
		digital input.

# 8-53 Start Select

O	ption:	Function:
$\sim$	ption.	i unction.

		Select control of start function via digital
		input and/or bus.
[0]	Digital Input	Activation via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activation via serial communication port.
[2]	LogicAnd	Activation via serial communication port and
		a digital input.
[3] *	LogicOr	Activation via serial communication port or a
		digital input.

# 8-54 Reversing Select

Option:		Function:
		Select control of reversing function via digital
		input and/or bus.
[0]	Digital Input	Activation via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activation via serial communication port.
[2]	LogicAnd	Activation via serial communication port and
		a digital input.
[3] *	LogicOr	Activation via serial communication port or a
		digital input.

# 8-55 Set-up Select

Option:		Function:
		Select control of set-up selection via digital
		input and/or bus.
[0]	Digital Input	Activation via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activation via serial communication port.
[2]	LogicAnd	Activation via serial communication port and
		a digital input.
[3] *	LogicOr	Activation via serial communication port or a
		digital input.

# 8-56 Preset Reference Select

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select control of Preset Reference selection
		via digital input and/or bus.
[0]	Digital Input	Activation via a digital input.
[1]	Bus	Activation via serial communication port.
[2]	LogicAnd	Activation via serial communication port and
		a digital input.
[3] *	LogicOr	Activation via serial communication port or a
		digital input.

# 4.9.5 8-8\* Bus communication diagnostics

These parameters are used for monitoring the Bus communication via the Port.

# 8-80 Bus Message Count

Range	<b>:</b>	Function:
0 N/A*	[0-0 N/A]	This parameter shows the number of valid
		telegrams detected on the bus.

# 8-81 Bus Error Count

Range	<b>:</b>	Function:
0 N/A*	[0-0 N/A]	This parameter shows the number of
		telegrams with faults (e.g. CRC fault),
		detected on the bus.

# 8-82 Slave Messages Rcvd

Range	<b>:</b> :	Function:
0 N/A*	[0-0 N/A]	This parameter shows the number of valid
		telegrams addressed to the slave, sent by the
		frequency converter.



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8-83 Slave Error Count		
Range	<b>:</b> :	Function:
0 N/A*	[0-0 N/A]	This parameter shows the number of error
		telegrams, which could be executed by the
		frequency converter.

# 4.9.6 8-9\* Bus Feedback

Parameter for configuring bus feedback.

8-	8-94 Bus Feedback 1		
Range:		Function:	
0*	[0x8000-0x7FFF]	Bus feedback is delivered via FC or	
		Modbus by writing the feedback value into	
		this parameter.	



## 4.10 Parameter Group 13: Smart Logic

Smart Logic Control (SLC)is a sequence of user-defined actions (13-52 SL Controller Action [X]) executed by the SLC when the associated user-defined event (13-51 SL Controller Event [X]) is set to True.

Events and actions are linked in pairs, meaning that when an event is true, the linked action is carried out. After this the next event is evaluated and its belonging action carried out and so on. Only one event is evaluated at the time.

If an event is evaluated as *False*, the SLC takes no action during the scan interval and no other events are evaluated.

It is possible to programme from 1 to 20 events and actions.

When the last event/action has been executed, the sequence starts again from event/action [0].

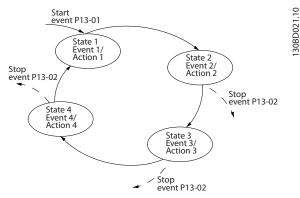


Illustration 4.10 Example with Three Events/Actions

## Starting and stopping the SLC

Start the SLC by selecting [1] On in 13-00 SL Controller Mode The SLC starts evaluating Event 0, and if this is evaluated as TRUE, the SLC continues its cycle.

The SLC stops when the *Stop Event*, 13-02 *Stop Event*, is TRUE. The SLC can also be stopped by selecting [0] *Off* in 13-00 *SL Controller Mode*.

To reset all SLC parameters select [1] Reset SLC in 13-03 Reset Smart Logic Controller and start programming from scratch.

# 4.10.1 13-0\* SLC Settings

Use SLC settings to activate, deactivate and reset the Smart Logic Control.

13-00 SL	13-00 SL Controller Mode		
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Off	Function is disabled.	
[1]	On	SLC is active.	

13-01 Start Event				
Optio	Option: Function:			
		Select input to activate Smart Logic		
		Control.		
[0]	False	Enters <i>False</i> in logic rule.		
[1]	True	Enters <i>True</i> in logic rule.		
[2]	Running	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [5]		
		for description.		
[3]	InRange	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [7]		
		for description.		
[4]	OnReference	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [8]		
		for description.		
[7]	Out of Current	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [12]		
	Range	for description.		
[8]	BelowILow	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [13]		
		for description.		
[9]	AbovelHigh	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [14]		
F4 43	DA/ -	for description.		
[16]	ThermalWarning	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [21]		
[1.7]	Main a Out Office and	for description.		
[17]	MainsOutOfRange	Mains voltage is outside the specified		
[10]	D	voltage range.		
[18]	Reversing	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [25]		
[10]	Manain a	for description.		
[19]	Warning	A trip plarm is active.		
[20]	Alarm_Trip Alarm_TripLock	A trip alarm is active.		
[21]		A trip lock alarm is active.		
[22]	Comparator 0	Use result of comparator 0 in logic rule.		
[23]	Comparator 1	Use result of comparator 1 in logic		
[23]	Comparator	rule.		
[24]	Comparator 2	Use result of comparator 2 in logic		
[2-7]	Comparator 2	rule.		
[25]	Comparator 3	Use result of comparator 3 in logic		
[25]	Comparator 5	rule.		
[26]	LogicRule 0	Use result of logic rule 0 in logic rule.		
[27]	LogicRule 1	Use result of logic rule 1 in logic rule.		
[28]	LogicRule 2	Use result of logic rule 2 in logic rule.		
[29]	LogicRule 3	Use result of logic rule 3 in logic rule.		
[33]	DigitalInput_18	Use value of DI 18 in logic rule.		
[34]	DigitalInput_19	Use value of DI 19 in logic rule.		
[35]	DigitalInput_27 Use value of DI 27 in logic rule.			
[36]	DigitalInput_29 Use value of DI 29 in logic rule.			
[38]	DigitalInput_33			
[39] *	StartCommand	This event is <i>True</i> , if frequency		
		converter is started by any means		
		(digital input or other).		
[40]	DriveStopped	This event is <i>True</i> , if frequency		
		converter is stopped or coasted by		
		any means (digital input or other).		



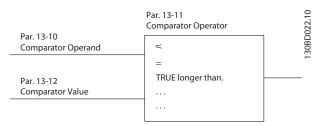
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13-02 Stop Event			
Optio	on:	Function:	
		Select input to activate Smart Logic	
		Control.	
[0]	False	Enters False in logic rule.	
[1]	True	Enters <i>True</i> in logic rule.	
[2]	Running	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [5]	
		for description.	
[3]	InRange	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [7]	
		for description.	
[4]	OnReference	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [8]	
		for description.	
[7]	Out of Current	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [12]	
	Range	for description.	
[8]	BelowILow	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [13]	
[0]	A1 1112 1	for description.	
[9]	AbovelHigh	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [14]	
[16]	ThermalWarning	for description.	
[16]	Thermalwarning	See parameter group <i>5-4* Relays</i> [21] for description.	
[17]	MainsOutOfRange	Mains voltage is outside the specified	
[17]	Mainsoutomange	voltage range.	
[18]	Reversing	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [25]	
[10]	neversing	for description.	
[19]	Warning	A warning is active.	
[20]	Alarm_Trip	A trip alarm is active.	
[21]	Alarm_TripLock	A trip lock alarm is active.	
[22]	Comparator 0	Use result of comparator 0 in logic	
	·	rule.	
[23]	Comparator 1	Use result of comparator 1 in logic	
		rule.	
[24]	Comparator 2	Use result of comparator 2 in logic	
		rule.	
[25]	Comparator 3	Use result of comparator 3 in logic	
		rule.	
[26]	LogicRule 0	Use result of logic rule 0 in logic rule.	
[27]	LogicRule 1	Use result of logic rule 1 in logic rule.	
[28]	LogicRule 2	Use result of logic rule 2 in logic rule.	
[29]	LogicRule 3	Use result of logic rule 3 in logic rule.	
[30]	SL Timeout0	Use result of timer 0 in logic rule.	
[31]	SL Timeout1	Use result of timer 1 in logic rule.	
[32]	SL Timeout2	Use result of timer 2 in logic rule.	
[33]	DigitalInput_18	Use value of DI 18 in logic rule.	
[34]	DigitalInput_19	Use value of DI 19 in logic rule.	
[35]	DigitalInput_27	Use value of DI 27 in logic rule.	
[36]	DigitalInput_29	Use value of DI 29 in logic rule.	
[38]	DigitalInput_33	This event is Two if framework	
[39]	StartCommand	This event is <i>True</i> , if frequency converter is started by any means	
		(digital input or other).	
[40] *	DriveStopped	This event is <i>True</i> , if frequency	
[,		converter is stopped or coasted by	
		any means (digital input or other).	
	i	· ·	

13-0	13-03 Reset SLC			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	* Do Not Reset Retains all settings programmed in			
		parameter group 13.		
[1]	Reset SLC	Reset all group 13 parameters to default		
		settings.		

# 4.10.2 13-1\* Comparators

Comparators are used for comparing continuous variables (i.e. output frequency, output current, analog input etc.) to fixed preset values.



**Illustration 4.11 Comparator Parameters** 

In addition, there are digital values that will be compared to fixed time values. See explanation in 13-10 Comparator Operand. Comparators are evaluated once in each scan interval. Use the result (TRUE or FALSE) directly. All parameters in this parameter group are array parameters with index 0 to 5. Select index 0 toprogramme Comparator 0, select index 1 to programme Comparator 1, and so on.

# 13-10 Comparator Operand

Array [4]

#### Option: Function:

орион.		i unction.
		Select variable to be monitored by
		comparator.
[0] *	Disabled	Comparator is disabled.
[1]	Reference	Resulting remote reference (not local) as a
		percentage.
[2]	Feedback	Feedback in [Hz].
[3]	MotorSpeed	Motor speed in Hz.
[4]	MotorCurrent	Motor current in [A].
[6]	MotorPower	Motor power in either [kW] or [hp].
[7]	MotorVoltage	Motor voltage in [V].
[8]	DCLinkVoltage	DC-link voltage in [V].
[12]	AnalogInput53	Expressed as actual value.
[13]	AnalogInput60	Expressed as actual value.
[18]	PulseInput33	Expressed as actual value.
[20]	AlarmNumber	Shows number of the alarm.
[30]	CounterA	Number of counts.
[31]	CounterB	Number of counts.





#### 13-11 Comparator Operator

Array [4]

Option: Function:

орион.		- unctioni
		Select operator to be used in comparison.
[0]	Less Than <	Result of evaluation is <i>True</i> if variable
		selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is
		smaller than fixed value in 13-12 Comparator
		Value. Result is False if variable selected in
		13-10 Comparator Operand is greater than
		fixed value in 13-12 Comparator Value.
[1] *	Approxi-	Result of evaluation is <i>True</i> if variable
	mately	selected in 13-10 Comparator Operand is
	equals ≈	approximately equal to fixed value in 13-12
		Comparator Value.
[2]	Greater Than	Inverse logic of option [0].
	>	

#### 13-12 Comparator Value

Array [4]

Range:		Function:
0.0*	[-9999-9999]	Enter "trigger level" for variable monitored
		by this comparator.

#### 4.10.3 13-2\* Timers

Use the timer results to define an event (13-51 SL Controller Action) or as boolean input in a logic rule (13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 or 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3).

When timer value has elapsed timer changes state from *False* to *True*.

13-20	SLC	Control	ller 🛚	Timer

Array [3]

Range:		e:	Function:
	0.0 s*	[0.0-3600 s]	Enter value to define duration of the False
			output from programmed timer. A timer is
			only False if it is started by an action and
			until the given timer value has elapsed.

# 4.10.4 13-4\* Logic Rules

Combine up to three boolean inputs (TRUE/FALSE inputs) from timers, comtors, digital inputs, status bits and events using the logical operators AND, OR, and NOT. Select boolean inputs for the calculation in 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3. Define the operators used to logically combine the selected inputs in 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2.

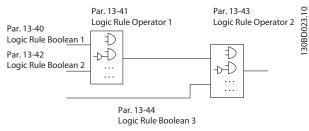


Illustration 4.12 Parameters for Logic Rules

#### Priority of calculation

The results of 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1 and 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 are calculated first. The outcome (TRUE/FALSE) of this calculation is combined with the settings of 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3, yielding the final result (TRUE/FALSE) of the logic rule.

#### 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1

Array [4]

Opt	ion:	Function:

		Select first boolean input for selected	
		logic rule.	
[0] *	False	Enters False in logic rule.	
[1]	True	Enters <i>True</i> in logic rule.	
[2]	Running	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [5] for	
		description.	
[3]	InRange	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [7] for	
		description.	
[4]	OnReference	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [8] for	
		description.	
[7]	Out of Current	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [12]	
	Range	for description.	
[8]	BelowlLow	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [13]	
		for description.	
[9]	AbovelHigh	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [14]	
		for description.	
[16]	ThermalWarning	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [21]	
		for description.	
[17]	MainsOutOfRange	Mains voltage is outside the specified	
[10]		voltage range.	
[18]	Reversing	See parameter group 5-4* Relays [25]	
[10]	NA/	for description.	
[19]	Warning	A warning is active.	
[20]	Alarm_Trip	A trip alarm is active.	
[21]	Alarm_TripLock	A trip lock alarm is active.	
[22]	Comparator 0	Use result of comparator 0 in logic rule.	
[22]	Comparator 1	Use result of comparator 1 in logic	
[23]	Comparator	rule.	
[24]	Comparator 2	Use result of comparator 2 in logic	
[24]	Comparator 2	rule.	
[25]	Comparator 3	Use result of comparator 3 in logic	
[23]	Comparator 3	rule.	
[26]	LogicRule 0	Use result of logic rule 0 in logic rule.	
[20]	Logicitule 0	ose result of logic fule of it logic fule.	

13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1



Array [4] Option:

[27] LogicRule 1 Use result of logic rule 1 in logic rule. [28] LogicRule 2 Use result of logic rule 2 in logic rule. LogicRule 3 Use result of logic rule 3 in logic rule. [29] SL Timeout0 Use result of timer 0 in logic rule. [30] SL Timeout1 Use result of timer 1 in logic rule. [31] [32] SL Timeout2 Use result of timer 2 in logic rule. DigitalInput\_18 [33] Use value of DI 18 in logic rule. [34] DigitalInput\_19 Use value of DI 19 in logic rule. [35] DigitalInput\_27 Use value of DI 27 in logic rule.

Use value of DI 29 in logic rule.

Use value of DI 33 in logic rule

This event is True, if frequency converter is started by any means

This event is True, if frequency converter is stopped or coasted by any means (digital input or other).

(digital input or other).

**Function:** 

13-41	Logic	Rule	Operator	1

DigitalInput\_29

DigitalInput\_33

StartCommand

DriveStopped

Array [4]

[36] [38]

[39]

[40]

#### Option: **Function:**

		Select first logical operator to use on boolean
		inputs from 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 and
		13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2.
[0] *	Disabled	Ignores 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2, 13-43 Logic
		Rule Operator 2 and 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean
		3.
[1]	And	Evaluates expression [13-40] AND [13-42].
[2]	Or	Evaluates expression [13-40] OR [13-42].
[3]	And not	Evaluates expression [13-40] AND NOT [13-42].
[4]	Or not	Evaluates expression [13-40] OR NOT [13-42].
[5]	Not and	Evaluates expression NOT [13-40] and [13-42].
[6]	Not or	Evaluates expression NOT [13-40] OR [13-42].
[7]	Not and not	Evaluates expression NOT [13-40] AND NOT
		[13-42].
[8]	Not or not	Evaluates expression NOT [13-40] OR NOT
		[13-42].

#### 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2

Array [4]

#### **Option: Function:**

	Select second boolean input for selected logic rule.
	See 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 for choices and
	descriptions.

# 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2

Array [4]

	Select second logical operator to use on
	boolean inputs calculated in 13-40 Logic Rule
	Boolean 1, 13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1, and

# 13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2

Array [4]

Option: **Function:** 

		13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2 and the boolean
		input from 13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2.
[0] *	Disabled	Ignores 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3.
[1]	And	Evaluates expression [13-40/13-42] AND
		[13-44].
[2]	Or	Evaluates expression [13-40/13-42] OR [13-44].
[3]	And not	Evaluates expression [13-40/13-42] AND NOT
		[13-44].
[4]	Or not	Evaluates expression [13-40/13-42] OR NOT
		[13-44].
[5]	Not and	Evaluates expression NOT [13-40/13-42] and
		[13-44].
[6]	Not or	Evaluates expression NOT [13-40/13-42] OR
		[13-44].
[7]	Not and not	Evaluates expression NOT [13-40/13-42] AND
		NOT [13-44].
[8]	Not or not	Evaluates expression NOT [13-40/13-42] OR
		NOT [13-44].
		<del>-</del>

# 13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3

Array [4]

#### Option: Function:

	Select third boolean input for selected logic rule.
	See 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 for choices and
	descriptions.

## 4.10.5 13-5\* States

#### 13-51 SL Controller Event

Array [20]

#### Option: Function:

Select boolean input to define Smart Controller Event.	
See 13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1 for choices and	
descriptions.	

## 13-52 SL Controller Action

Array [20]

#### Option: **Function:**

		Select action corresponding to SLC event.
		Actions are executed when corresponding
		event (13-51 SL Controller Event) is
		evaluated as <i>True</i> .
[0] *	Disabled	Function is disabled.
[1]	No Action	No action is taken.
[2]	Select Set-up1	Changes active set-up to Set-up 1.
[3]	Select Set-up2	Changes active set-up to Set-up 2.
[10]	SelectPresetRef0	Selects preset reference 0
[11]	SelectPresetRef1	Selects preset reference 1
[12]	SelectPresetRef2	Selects preset reference 2
[13]	SelectPresetRef3	Selects preset reference 3
[14]	SelectPresetRef4	Selects preset reference 4



# 13-52 SL Controller Action

Array [20]

Option: Function:

Option:		1 directors
[15]	SelectPresetRef5	Selects preset reference 5
[16]	SelectPresetRef6	Selects preset reference 6
[17]	SelectPresetRef7	Selects preset reference 7
[18]	SelectRamp1	Selects ramp 1
[19]	SelectRamp2	Selects ramp 2
[22]	Run	Issues start command to frequency
		converter.
[23]	RunReverse	Issues start reverse command to
		frequency converter.
[24]	Stop	Issues stop command to frequency
		converter.
[25]	Qstop	Issues quick stop command to frequency
		converter.
[26]	DCstop	Issues DC stop command to frequency
		converter.
[27]	Coast	frequency converter coasts immediately.
		All stop commands including coast
		command stop the SLC.
[28]	Freeze Output	Freezes output frequency.
[29]	StartTimer0	Starts timer 0.
[30]	StartTimer1	Starts timer 1
[31]	StartTimer2	Starts timer 2
[32]	SetDO42Low	Set Digital output 42 low.
[33]	SetRelayLow	Set Relay low.
[38]	SetDO42High	Set Digital output 42 high.
[39]	SetRelayHigh	Set Relay high.
[60]	ResetCounterA	Resets counter A to 0.
[61]	ResetCounterB	Resets counter B to 0.

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# 4.11 Parameter Group 14: Special Functions

Parameter group for configuring special frequency converter functions.

# 4.11.1 14-0\* Inverter Switching

# 14-01 Switching Frequency

Opt	ion:	Function:
		Select the switching frequency in order to
		minimize e.g. acoustic noise and power loss or
		maximizing efficiency.
[0]	2 KHz	
[1] *	4 KHz	
[2]	8 KHz	
[4]	16 KHz	

# NOTICE

For 18.5 kW and 22 kW frequency converter, the option [4] is not available.

## 14-03 Overmodulation

Option:		Function:	
		This feature allows more accurate speed control near and over nominal speed (50/60 Hz). Another	
		advantage with overmodulation is the ability of	
		staying at a constant speed even though main is	
		dropping.	
[0]	Off	Disables the overmodulation function to avoid torque	
		ripple on the motor shaft.	
[1] *	On	Connects the overmodulation function to obtain an	
		output voltage up to 15% greater than mains voltage.	

# 4.11.2 14-1\* Mains Monitoring

This parameter group supplies functions for handling imbalance on mains.

# 14-12 Functions at Mains Imbalance

Option:		Function:
		Operation under severe mains imbalance
		conditions reduces drive lift time.
		Select function to take place when severe mains
		imbalance is detected.
[0] *	Trip	Frequency converter trips.
[1]	Warning	Frequency converter issues a warning.
[2]	Disabled	No action taken.

Parameters for configuring auto reset handling, special trip handling and control card self-test or initialisation.

## 14-20 Reset Mode

14-20 Reset Mode			
Option: Function:			
		Select reset function after tripping. Once	
		reset, the frequency converter can be	
		restarted.	
[0] *	Manual Reset	Perform reset via [Reset] or digital inputs.	
[1]	AutoReset 1	Performs one automatic reset after tripping.	
[2]	AutoReset 2	Performs two automatic resets after tripping.	
[3]	AutoReset 3	Performs three automatic resets after tripping.	
[4]	AutoReset 4	Performs four automatic resets after tripping.	
[5]	AutoReset 5	Performs five automatic resets after tripping.	
[6]	AutoReset 6	Performs six automatic resets after tripping.	
[7]	AutoReset 7	Performs seven automatic resets after	
		tripping.	
[8]	AutoReset 8	Performs eight automatic resets after	
		tripping.	
[9]	AutoReset 9	Performs nine automatic resets after	
		tripping.	
[10]	AutoReset 10	Performs ten automatic resets after tripping.	
[11]	AutoReset 15	Performs fifteen automatic resets after	
		tripping.	
[12]	AutoReset 20	Performs twenty automatic resets after	
		tripping.	
[13]	Infinite auto	Performs an infinite number of automatic	
	reset	resets after tripping.	
[14]	Reset at	Trip-lock alarm can be reset at power up.	
	power-up	<b>▲</b> WARNING	
		UNINTENDED START	
		When the frequency converter is	
		connected to AC mains, DC supply, or	
		load sharing, the motor may start at	
		any time. Unintended start during	
		programming, service, or repair work	
		can result in death, serious injury, or	
		property damage. The motor can start	
		via an external switch, a serial bus	
		command, an input reference signal	
		from the LCP, or after a cleared fault	
		condition.	
		To prevent unintended motor start:	
		Disconnect the frequency converter from the mains.	
		Press [Off/Reset] on the LCP before programming parameters.	
		Fully wire and assembly the	

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frequency converter, motor,

and any driven equipment before connecting the frequency converter to AC mains, DC supply, or load

sharing.



# 14-21 Automatic Restart Time

Rang	je:	Function:
10 s*	[0-600 s]	Enter time interval from trip to start of
		automatic reset function. This parameter is
		active when 14-20 Reset Mode, is set to [1] to
		[13] Automatic Reset.

# 14-22 Operation Mode

Option:		Function:
		Use this parameter for specifying normal
		operation or to initialize all parameters,
		except 15-03 Power Ups, 15-04 Over Temps
		and 15-05 Over Volts.
[0] *	Normal	Frequency converter runs normal operation.
	Operation	
[2]	Initialization	Resets all parameters to default settings,
		except for 15-03 Power Ups, 15-04 Over Temps
		and 15-05 Over Volts. Frequency converter
		resets during next power-up.
		14-22 Operation Mode also reverts to default
		setting [0] Normal Operation.

# 14-26 Action at Inverter Fault

Option:		Function:
[0]	Trip	When the frequency converter detects an over-
		voltage, it will trip immediately.
		NOTICE
		It is recommended to choose [0] Trip in hoisting applications.
[1] *	Warning	When the frequency converter detects an over-
		voltage, it will give warning immediately. After
		protection filter, it will trip.
		NOTICE
		It is recommended to disable <i>protection mode</i> in hoisting applications.

# 4.11.3 14-4\* Energy Optimising

Parameters for adjusting the energy optimisation level in both Variable Torque (VT) and AEOAutomatic Energy Saving mode.

14-41 AEO Minir Range:		mum Magnetisation	
		Function:	
66 %*	[40 - 75	Enter the minimum allowable magnetisation	
	%]	for AEO. Selection of a low value reduces	
		energy loss in the motor, but can also	
		reduce resistance to sudden load changes.	

# 4.11.4 14-9\* Fault Settings

14-9	14-90 Fault Level			
	•	o customise fault levels. Only index 7, which t faults, is supported.		
Opt	ion:	Function:		
[3] *	Trip lock	Alarm is set to trip lock level. Analog 13 overcurrent alarm cannot be reset without power cycle.		
[4]	Trip w. delayed reset	Alarm is configured into trip alarm, which can be reset after a delay time. For example, if overcurrent alarm is configured to this option, it can be reset 3 minutes after the alarm is reported. Analog 13 overcurrent alarm is changed back to trip lock if it has been reset for more than 20 times.		
[5]	Flystart	The frequency converter tries to catch a motor spinning when starting. If this option is selected, 1-73 Flying Start s set to [1] Enabled.		

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# 4.12 Parameter Group 15: Drive Information

Parameter group containing information on operating data, hardware configuration, software version, etc.

# 15-00 Operating Time

Range:		Function:
0 days*	[0-9999	View how many days the frequency
	days]	converter has been powered up.
		The value is saved at power off and
		cannot be reset.

# 15-01 Running Hours

Ra	ange:	Function:
0*	[0- 60000]	View running hours of motor.
		The value is saved at power off and can be reset
		in 15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter.

#### 15-02 kWh Counter

range:		runction:
0	[0-65535]	View power consumption in kWh as a mean value
		over one hour.
		Reset counter in 15-06 Reset kWh Counter.

# 15-03 Power Ups

	Range:		Function:
[	0	[0-2147483647]	View number of times frequency converter
			has been powered up.
			Counter cannot be reset.

#### 15-04 Over Temps

К	ange:	Function:
0	[0-65535]	View number of times frequency converter has
		tripped due to over temperature.
		Counter cannot be reset.

# 15-05 Over Volts

Range:		Function:
0*	[0-65535]	View number of times frequency converter has
		tripped due to over voltage.
		Counter cannot be reset.

#### 15-06 Reset kWh Counter

Option	<b>!</b>	Function:
[0] *	Do Not Reset	Counter is not reset.
[1]	Reset Counter	Counter is reset.

# 15-07 Reset Running Hours Counter

Option:		:	Function:	
	[0] *	Do Not Reset	Counter is not reset.	
	[1]	Reset Counter	Counter is reset.	

# 4.12.1 15-3\* Fault Log

This parameter group contains a fault log showing reasons for the ten latest trips.

# 15-30 Fault Log: Error Code

Range:		ange:	Function:
	0	[0-255]	View error code and look it up in VLT® Micro Drive
			FC 51 Quick Guide.

# 4.12.2 15-4\* Drive Identification

Parameters containing read only information about the hardware and software configuration of the frequency converter.

# 15-40 FC Type

Option:	Function:
	View FC type.

15-4	15-41 Power Section		
Option:		Function:	
		View power section of frequency converter.	

#### 15-42 Voltage

Option:	Function:
	View voltage of frequency converter.
	_

#### 15-43 Software Version

Opti	on:	Function:
		View software version of frequency converter.

# 15-46 Frequency Converter Ordering No

# Option: Function:

	View ordering number for re-ordering frequency
	converter in its original configuration.

#### 15-48 LCP ID No

Option:	Function:	Function:	
	View LCP ID number.		

# 15-51 Frequency Converter Serial Number

Optio	on:	Function:
		View frequency converter serial number.

# 4.13 Parameter Group 16: Data Readouts

# 16-00 Control Word

# Range: Function:

0*	[0-65535]	View latest valid control word sent to frequency
		converter via serial communication port.

# 16-01 Reference [Unit]

Range	e:	Function:
0.000*	[-4999.000-4999.000]	View total remote reference. Total
		reference is sum of pulse, analog,
		preset, LCP potentiometer, local
		bus and freeze reference.

# 16-02 Reference %

#### Range: Function:

0.0*	[-200.0-200.0%]	View total remote reference in percent.
		Total reference is sum of pulse, analog,
		preset, LCP potentiometer, local bus and
		freeze reference.

#### 16-03 Status Word

	Ra	ange:	Function:
ſ	0*	[0-65535]	View status word sent to frequency converter via
l			serial communication port.

# 16-05 Main Actual Value %

Rang	ge:	Function:
0.00*	[-100.00-100.00%]	View two-byte word sent with status
		word to bus Master reporting main
		actual value.

# 16-09 Custom Readout

Range:	Function:
mange.	i dilction.

0.00*	[0.00-9999.00%]	
		Customized readout based on the
		settings of 0-31 Custom Readout Min
		Scale, 0-32 Custom Readout Max Scale
		and 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit

# 4.13.1 16-1\* Motor Status

# 16-10 Power [kW]

Range:		Function:
0 kW*	[0-65.535 kW]	View output power in kW.

# 16-11 Power [hp]

Range:		Function:
0 hp	[0-65.535 hp]	View output power in hp.

# 16-12 Motor Voltage

Range:		e:	Function:
	0.0*	[0.0-65535 V]	View motor phase voltage.

# 16-13 Frequency

Range:		Function:
0.0 Hz*	[0.0-6553.5 Hz]	View output frequency in Hz.

# 16-14 Motor Current

Range:			Function:	
	0.00 A*	[0.00-655 A]	View motor phase current.	

# 16-15 Frequency [%]

# Range: Function: 0.00\* [0-6553.5%] View a two-byte word reporting actual

0.00*	[0-6553.5%]	View a two-byte word reporting actual
		motor frequency as a percentage of 4-14
		Motor Speed High Limit

# 16-18 Motor Thermal

#### Range: Function:

0%*	[0-100%]	View calculated thermal motor load as
		percentage of estimated thermal motor load.

## 4.13.2 16-3\* Drive Status

# 16-30 DC Link Voltage

Range:	Function:	
0 V*	[0-65535 V]	View DC-link voltage.

# 16-34 Heat Sink Temp.

#### Range: Function:

	0*	[0-255°C]	View heat sink temperature of frequency
l			converter.

#### 16-35 Inverter Thermal

## Range: Function:

0%*	[0-255%]	View calculated thermal load on frequency	
		converter in relation to estimated thermal load	
		on frequency converter.	

#### 16-36 Inv. Nom. Current

Range:		•	Function:
	0.00 A*	[0.00-655A]	View continuous nominal inverter current.

# 16-37 Inv. Max. Current

Range:		:	Function:
	0.00 A*	[0.00-655A]	View intermittent maximum inverter
			current (150%)

# 16-38 SL Controller State

Range:		Function:
0*	[0-255]	View number of active SLC state.

# 4.13.3 16-5\* Ref. & Feedb.

## 16-50 External Reference

Range:		Function:
0.0%*	[-200.0-200.0%]	View sum of all external references in
		percent.

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# 16-51 Pulse Reference

Range	2:	Function:
0.0 %*	[-200.0-200.0%]	View actual pulse input converted to a
		reference in percent.

# 16-52 Feedback

Range	e:	Function:
0.000*	[-4999.000-4999.000]	View analog or pulse feedback in
		Hz.

# 4.13.4 16-6\* Inputs and Outputs

# 16-60 Digital Input 18, 19, 27, 33

Range:		Function:
0*	[0-1111]	View signal states from active digital inputs.

# 16-61 Digital Input 29

Range:		Function:
0*	[0-1]	View signal state on digital input 29.

# 16-62 Analog Input 53 (volt)

Range:		je:	Function:
	0.00*	[0.00-10.00 V]	View input voltage on analog input
			terminal.

# 16-63 Analog Input 53 (current)

Range:		je:	Function:
	0.00*	[0.00-20.00 mA]	View input current on analog input
			terminal.

# 16-64 Analog Input 60

Range:		Function:	
0.00*	[0.00-20.00 mA]	View actual value at input 60 either as	
		reference or protection value.	

# 16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]

Range:		Function:	
	0.00 mA*	[0.00-20.00 mA]	View output current on analog
			output 42.

# 16-68 Pulse Input

Range	2:	Function:
20 Hz*	[20-5000 Hz]	View input frequency on pulse input
		terminal.

# 16-71 Relay Output [bin]

Range:		<b>:</b>	Function:
	0*	[0-1]	View relay setting.

#### 16-72 Counter A

Range:		Function:
0*	[-32768-32767]	View present value of Counter A.

# 16-73 Counter B

Range:		nge:	Function:
	0*	[-32768-32767]	View present value of Counter B.

# 4.13.5 16-8\* FC Port

Parameter for viewing references from FC Port.

# 16-86 FC Port REF 1

Range:		inge:	Function:
	0*	[0x8000-0x7FFF]	View currently received reference from FC
			Port.

# 4.13.6 16-9\* Diagnosis Read-Outs

# 16-90 Alarm Word

Range:		inge:	Function:
l	0*	[0-0xFFFFFFF]	Via alarm word sent via serial communi-
			cation port in hex code.

# 16-91 Alarm Word 2

Range:		ange:	Function:
I	0*	[0-0xFFFFFFFFUL]	View the alarm word 2 sent via the serial
l			communication port in hex code.

# 16-92 Warning Word

Range:		Function:
0*	[0-0xFFFFFFF]	View warning word sent via serial communi-
		cation port in hex code.

# 16-94 Ext. Status Word

Range:		Function:
0*	[0-0xFFFFFFF]	View extended warning word sent via serial
		communication port in hex code.





# 4.14 Parameter Group 18: Extended Motor

# 4.14.1 18-8\* Motor Resistors

18-80 Stator Resistance (Rs in high resolution)							
Range: Function:							
0.000 Ohm	[0.000-999.900	Set the stator resistance value.					
Ohm]		Enter the value from a motor data					
		sheet or perform an AMT on a cold					
		motor.					

# 18-81 Stator Leakage Reactance (X1 in high resolution)

Range:	Function:					
0.000	[0.000–	Set the stator leakage reactance				
Ohm	999.900 Ohm] value. Enter the value from a motor					
		data sheet or perform an AMT on a				
		cold motor. The default setting is				
		calculated by the frequency converter				
		from the motor nameplate data.				



# 5 Parameter Lists

# 5.1 Parameter Overview

0-** Operation/Display	0-61 Access to Main/Quick Manu	1-29 Automatic Motor Tuning	1-82 Min Speed for Funct. at
0-0* Basic Settings	w/o Password	(AMT)	Stop [Hz]
0-03 Regional Settings	*[0] Full access	*[0] Off	0.0–20.0 Hz *0.0 Hz
*[0] International	[1] LCP:Read Only	[2] Enable AMT with Batating	1-9*Motor Temperature
[1] US	[2] LCP:No Access	[3] Complete AMT with Rotating	1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
0-04 Oper. State at Power-up	1-** Load/Motor	motor	*[0] No protection
(Hand)	1-0* General Settings	1-3* Adv. Motor Data	[1] Thermistor warning
[0] Resume	1-00 Configuration Mode	1-30 Stator Resistance (Rs)	[2] Thermistor trip
*[1] Forced stop, ref=old	*[0] Speed open loop	[Ohm] * Dep. on motor data	[3] Etr warning
[2] Forced stop, ref=0	[3] Process	1-33 Stator Leakage Reactance	[4] Etr trip
0-1* Set-up Handling	1-01 Motor Control Principle	(X1)	1-93 Thermistor Resource
0-10 Active Set-up	[0] U/f	[Ohm] * Dep. on motor data	*[0] None
*[1] Set-up 1	*[1] VVC+	1-35 Main Reactance (Xh)	[1] Analog input 53
[2] Set-up 2	1-03 Torque Characteristics	[Ohm] * Dep. on motor data	[6] Digital input 29
[9] Multi Set-up	*[0] Constant torque	1-5* Load Indep. Setting	2-** Brakes
0-11 Edit Set-up	[2] Automatic Energy Optim.	1-50 Motor Magnetisation at 0	2-0* DC-Brake
*[1] Set-up 1	1-05 Local Mode Configuration	Speed	2-00 DC Hold Current
[2] Set-up 2	[0] Speed Open Loop	0–300% *100%	0–150% *50%
[9] Active Set-up	*[2] As config in par. 1-00	1-52 Min Speed Norm. Magnet.	2-01 DC Brake Current
0-12 Link Set-ups	1-2* Motor Data	[Hz]	0–150% *50%
[0] Not Linked	1-20 Motor Power [kW] [hp]	0.0–10.0 Hz *0.0Hz	2-02 DC Braking Time
*[20] Linked	[1] 0.09 kW/0.12 hp	1-55 U/f Characteristic - U	0.0–60.0 s *10.0 s
0-31 Custom Readout Min Scale	[2] 0.12 kW/0.16 hp	0-999.9 V	2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed
0.00-9999.00 * 0.00	[3] 0.18 kW/0.25 hp	1-56 U/f Characteristic - F	0.0-400.0 Hz *0.0Hz
0-32 Custom Readout Max Scale	[4] 0.25 kW/0.33 hp	0-400 Hz	2-1* Brake Energy Funct.
0.00-9999.00 * 100.0	[5] 0.37 kW/0.50 hp	1-6* Load Depen. Setting	2-10 Brake Function
0-4* LCP Keypad	[6] 0.55 kW/0.75 hp	1-60 Low Speed Load Compen-	*[0] Off
0-40 [Hand on] Key on LCP	[7] 0.75 kW/1.00 hp	sation	[1] Resistor brake
[0] Disabled	[8] 1.10 kW/1.50 hp	0–199% *100%	[2] AC brake
*[1] Enabled	[9] 1.50 kW/2.00 hp	1-61 High Speed Load Compen-	2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm)
0-41 [Off / Reset] Key on LCP	[10] 2.20 kW/3.00 hp	sation	Min/Max/default: Powersize dep.
[0] Disable All	[11] 3.00 kW/4.00 hp	0–199% *100%	2-14 Brake Voltage reduce
*[1] Enable All	[12] 3.70 kW/5.00 hp	1-62 Slip Compensation	0 - Powersize dep.* 0
[2] Enable Reset Only	[13] 4.00 kW/5.40 hp	-400–399% *100%	2-16 AC Brake, Max current
0-42 [Auto on] Key on LCP	[14] 5.50 kW/7.50 hp	1-63 Slip Compensation Time	0-150% *100%
[0] Disabled	[15] 7.50 kW/10.00 hp	Constant	2-17 Overvoltage Control
*[1] Enabled	[16] 11.00 kW/15.00 hp	0.05-5.00 s *0.10 s	*[0] Disabled
0-5* Copy/Save	[17] 15.00 kW/20.00 hp	1-7* Start Adjustments	[1] Enabled (not at stop)
0-50 LCP Copy	[18] 18.50 kW/25.00 hp	1-71 Start Delay	[2] Enabled
*[0] No copy	[19] 22.00 kW/29.50 hp	0.0-10.0 s *0.0 s	2-2* Mechanical Brake
[1] All to LCP	[20] 30.00 kW/40.00 hp	1-72 Start Function	2-20 Release Brake Current
[2] All from LCP	1-22 Motor Voltage	[0] DC hold/delay time	0.00-100.0 A *0.00 A
[3] Size indep. from LCP	50-999 V *230–400 V	[1] DC brake/delay time	2-22 Activate Brake Speed [Hz]
0-51 Set-up Copy	1-23 Motor Frequency	*[2] Coast/delay time	0.0-400.0 Hz *0.0 Hz
*[0] No copy	20–400 Hz *50 Hz	1-73 Flying Start	3-** Reference / Ramps
[1] Copy from set-up 1	1-24 Motor Current	*[0] Disabled	3-0* Reference Limits
[2] Copy from set-up 2	0.01–100.00 A *Motortype dep.	[1] Enabled	3-00 Reference Range
[9] Copy from Factory set-up	1-25 Motor Nominal Speed	1-8* Stop Adjustments	*[0] Min - Max
0-6* Password	100–9999 rpm *Motortype dep.	1-80 Function at Stop	[1] -Max - +Max
0-60 (Main) Menu Password		*[0] Coast	3-02 Minimum Reference
0–999 *0		[1] DC hold	-4999–4999 *0.000
			3-03 Maximum Reference
			-4999-4999 *50.00
1) M4 and M5 only	I.	<u> </u>	1
1, mr and mo only	Danfors A/S @ 12/2014 A		MC02C702



3-1* References	3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time	5-1* Digital Inputs5-10 Terminal	5-40 Function Relay
3-10 Preset Reference	0.05-3600 s *3.00 s (10.00s <sup>1)</sup> )	18 Digital Input	[52] Remote ref. active
-100.0–100.0% *0.00% <b>3-11 Jog</b>	4-** Limits/Warnings	[0] No function	[53] No alarm
Speed [Hz]	4-1* Motor Limits 4-10 Motor	[1] Reset	[54] Start cmd active
0.0-400.0 Hz *5.0 Hz	Speed Direction	[2] Coast inverse	[55] Running reverse
3-12 Catch up/slow Down Value	*[0] Clockwise If Par. 1-00 is set	[3] Coast and reset inv.	[56] Drive in hand mode
0.00-100.0% * 0.00%	to close loop control	[4] Quick stop inverse	[57] Drive in auto mode
3-14 Preset Relative Reference	[1] CounterClockwise	[5] DC-brake inv.	[60-63] Comparator 0-3
-100.0-100.0% *0.00%	*[2] Both if Par. 1-00 is set to	[6] Stop inv	[70-73] Logic rule 0-3
3-15 Reference Resource 1	open loop control	*[8] Start	[81] SL digital output B
[0] No function	4-12 Motor Speed Low Limit	[9] Latched start	5-41 On Delay, Relay
*[1] Analog Input 53	[Hz]	[10] Reversing	0.00-600.00 s *0.01 s
[2] Analog input 60	0.0–400.0 Hz *0.0 Hz	[11] Start reversing	5-42 Off Delay, Relay
[8] Pulse input 33	4-14 Motor Speed High Limit	[12] Enable start forward	0.00-600.00 s *0.01 s
[11] Local bus ref	[Hz]	[13] Enable start reverse	5-5* Pulse Input
[21] LCP Potentiometer	0.1-400.0 Hz *65.0 Hz	[14] Jog	5-55 Terminal 33 Low
3-16 Reference Resource 2	4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode	[16-18] Preset ref bit 0-2	Frequency
[0] No function	0–400% *150%	[19] Freeze reference <b>5-10</b>	20–4999 Hz *20 Hz
[1] Analog in 53	4-17 Torque Limit Generator	Terminal 18 Digital Input	5-56 Terminal 33 High
*[2] Analog in 60	Mode	[20] Freeze output	Frequency
[8] Pulse input 33	0–400% *100%	[21] Speed up	21-5000 Hz *5000 Hz
*[11] Local bus reference	4-4* Adj. Warnings 2	[22] Speed down	5-57 Term. 33 Low Ref./Feedb.
[21] LCP Potentiometer	4-40 Warning Frequency Low	[23] Set-up select bit 0	Value
3-17 Reference Resource 3	0.00-Value of 4-41 Hz *0.0 Hz	[28] Catch up	-4999–4999 *0.000
[0] No function	4-41 Warning Frequency High	[29] Slow down	5-58 Term. 33 High Ref./Feedb.
[1] Analog Input 53	Value of 4-40-400.0 Hz *400.00	[34] Ramp bit 0	Value
[2] Analog input 60	Hz	[60] Counter A (up)	-4999–4999 *50.000
[8] Pulse input 33	4-5* Adj. Warnings	[61] Counter A (down)	6-** Analog In/Out
*[11] Local bus ref	4-50 Warning Current Low	[62] Reset counter A	6-0* Analog I/O Mode
[21] LCP Potentiometer	0.00-100.00 A *0.00 A	[63] Counter B (up)	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time
3-18 Relative Scaling Ref.	4-51 Warning Current High	[64] Counter B (down)	1-99 s *10 s
Resource	0.0-100.00 A *100.00 A	[65] Reset counter B	6-01 Live Zero TimeoutFunction
*[0] No function	4-54 Warning Reference Low	5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input	*[0] Off
[1] Analog Input 53	-4999.000-Value of 4-55	See par. 5-10. * [10] Reversing	[1] Freeze output
[2] Analog input 60	* -4999.000	5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	[2] Stop
[8] Pulse input 33	4-55 Warning Reference High	See par. 5-10. * [1] Reset	[3] Jogging
[11] Local bus ref	Value of 4-54-4999.000	5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input	[4] Max speed
[21] LCP Potentiometer	*4999.000	See par. 5-10. * [14] Jog	[5] Stop and trip
3-4* Ramp 1	4-56 Warning Feedback Low	5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input	6-1* Analog Input 1
3-40 Ramp 1 Type	-4999.000–Value of 4-57	See par. 5-10. * [16] Preset ref bit	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage
*[0] Linear	* -4999.000	0	0.00-9.99 V *0.07 V
[2] Sine2 ramp	4-57 Warning Feedback High	[26] Precise Stop Inverse	6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage
3-41 Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	Value of 4-56-4999.000 *4999.000	[27] Start, Precise Stop	0.01–10.00 V *10.00 V
0.05-3600 s *3.00 s (10.00 s <sup>1)</sup> )	4-58 Missing Motor Phase	[32] Pulse Input	6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current
3-42 Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	Function	5-3* Digital Outputs	0.00–19.99 mA *0.14 mA
0.05-3600 s *3.00s (10.00s <sup>1)</sup> )	[0] Off	5-34 On Delay, Terminal 42	6-13 Terminal 53 High Current
3-5* Ramp 2	*[1] On	Digital Output	0.01–20.00 mA *20.00 mA
3-50 Ramp 2 Type	4-6* Speed Bypass	0.00-600.00 s * 0.01 s	6-14 Term. 53 Low Ref./Feedb.
*[0] Linear	4-61 Bypass Speed From [Hz]	5-35 Off Delay, Terminal 42	Value
[2] Sine2 ramp	0.0–400.0 Hz *0.0 Hz	Digital Output	-4999-4999 *0.000
3-51 Ramp 2 Ramp up Time	4-63 Bypass Speed To [Hz]	0.00–600.00 s * 0.01 s	6-15 Term. 53 High Ref./Feedb.
0.05–3600 s *3.00 s (10.00 s <sup>1)</sup> )	0.0–400.0 Hz *0.0 Hz	5-4* Relays	Value
3-52 Ramp 2 Ramp down Time			-4999-4999 *50.000
0.05–3600 s *3.00 s (10.00 s <sup>1)</sup> )			6-16 Terminal 53 Filter Time
3-8* Other Ramps			Constant
3-80 Jog Ramp Time			0.01–10.00 s *0.01 s
0.05-3600 s *3.00 s (10.00s <sup>1)</sup> )			

1) M4 and M5 only



6-19 Terminal 53 mode	Ctrl. 7-30 Process PI Normal/	8-33 FC Port Parity	8-52 DC Brake Select
*[0] Voltage mode	Inverse Ctrl	*[0] Even Parity, 1 Stop Bit	See par. 8-50 *[3] LogicOr
[1] Current mode 4	*[0] Normal	[1] Odd Parity, 1 Stop Bit	8-53 Start Select
6-2* Analog Input 2	[1] Inverse	[2] No Parity, 1 Stop Bit	See par. 8-50 *[3] LogicOr
6-22 Terminal 60 Low Current	7-31 Process PI Anti Windup	[3] No Parity, 2 Stop Bits	8-54 Reversing Select
0.00–19.99 mA *0.14 mA	[0] Disable	8-35 Minimum Response Delay	See par. 8-50 *[3] LogicOr
6-23 Terminal 60 High Current	*[1] Enable	0.001-0.5 *0.010 s	8-55 Set-up Select
0.01–20.00 mA *20.00 mA	7-32 Process PI Start Speed	8-36 Max Response Delay	See par. 8-50 *[3] LogicOr
6-24 Term. 60 Low Ref./Feedb.	0.0-200.0 Hz *0.0 Hz	0.100-10.00 s *5.000 s	8-56 Preset Reference Select
Value	7-33 Process PI Proportional	8-4* FC MC protocol set	See parameter 8-50 * [3] LogicOr
-4999-4999 *0.000	Gain	8-43 FC Port PCD Read Configu-	8-8* Bus communication
6-25 Term. 60 High Ref./Feedb.	0.00-10.00 *0.01	ration	Diagnostics
Value	7-34 Process PI Integral Time	*[0] None Expressionlimit	8-80 Bus Message Count
-4999–4999 *50.00	0.10–9999 s *9999 s	[1] [1500] Operation Hours	0-0 N/A *0 N/A
6-26 Terminal 60 Filter Time	7-38 Process PI Feed Forward	[2] [1501] Running Hours	8-81 Bus Error Count
Constant	Factor	[3] [1502] kWh Counter	0-0 N/A *0 N/A
0.01–10.00 s *0.01 s	0–400% *0%	[4] [1600] Control Word	8-82 Slave Messages Rcvd
6-8* LCP Potentiometer	7-39 On Reference Bandwidth	[5] [1601] Reference [Unit]	0-0 N/A *0 N/A
6-80 LCP Potmeter Enable	0–200% *5%	[6] [1602] Reference %	8-83 Slave Error Count
[0] Disabled	8-** Comm. and Options	[7] [1603] Status Word	0-0 N/A *0 N/A
*[1] Enable	8-0* General Settings	[8] [1605] Main Actual Value [%]	8-9* Bus Jog / Feedback
6-81 LCP potm. Low Reference	8-01 Control Site	[9] [1609] Custom Readout	8-94 Bus feedback 1
-4999–4999 *0.000	*[0] Digital and ControlWord	[10] [1610] Power [kW]	0x8000-0x7FFF *0
6-82 LCP potm. High Reference	[1] Digital only	[11] [1611] Power [hp]	13-** Smart Logic
-4999–4999 *50.00	[2] ControlWord only	[12] [1612] Motor Voltage	13-0* SLC Settings
6-9* Analog Output xx	8-02 Control Word Source	[13] [1613] Frequency	13-00 SL Controller Mode
6-90 Terminal 42 Mode	[0] None	[14] [1614] Motor Current	*[0] Off
*[0] 0-20 mA	*[1] FC RS485	[15] [1615] Frequency [%]	[1] On
[1] 4-20 mA	8-03 Control Word Timeout	[16] [1618] Motor Thermal	13-01 Start Event
[2] Digital Output	Time	[17] [1630] DC Link Voltage	[0] False
6-91 Terminal 42 Analog Output		[18] [1634] Heatsink Temp.	[1] True
*[0] No operation	8-04 Control Word Timeout	[19] [1635] Inverter Thermal	[2] Running
[10] Output Frequency	Function	[20] [1638] SL Controller State	[3] InRange
	*[0] Off [1] Freeze Output	[21] [1650] External Reference [22] [1651] Pulse Reference	[4] OnReference
[12] Feedback [13] Motor Current	[2] Stop	[23] [1652] Feedback [Unit]	[7] OutOfCurrentRange
[16] Power	[3] Jogging	[24] [1660] Digital Input	[9] AbovelHigh
[19] DC Link Voltage	[4] Max. Speed	18,19,27,33	[16] ThermalWarning
[20] Bus Reference	[5] Stop and trip	[25] [1661] Digtial Input 29	[17] MainOutOfRange
6-92 Terminal 42 Digital Output	8-06 Reset Control Word	[26] [1662] Analog Input 53 (V)	[18] Reversing
See parameter 5-40	Timeout	[27] [1663] Analog Input 53 (mA)	[19] Warning
*[0] No Operation	*[0] No Function	[28] [1664] Analog Input 60	[20] Alarm_Trip
[80] SL Digital Output A	[1] Do reset	[29] [1665] Analog Output 42	[21] Alarm_TripLock
6-93 Terminal 42 Output Min	8-3* FC Port Settings	[mA]	[22-25] Comparator 0-3
Scale	8-30 Protocol	[30] [1668] Freq. Input 33 [Hz]	[26-29] LogicRule0-3
0.00-200.0% *0.00%	*[0] FC	[31] [1671] Relay Output [bin]	[33] DigitalInput_18
6-94 Terminal 42 Output Max	[2] Modbus	[32] [1672] Counter A	[34] DigitalInput_19
Scale	8-31 Address	[33] [1673] Counter B	[35] DigitalInput_27
0.00-200.0% *100.0%	1-247 *1	[34] [1690] Alarm Word	[36] DigitalInput_29
7-** Controllers	8-32 FC Port Baud Rate	[35] [1692] Warning Word	[38] DigitalInput_33
7-2* Process Ctrl. Feedb	[0] 2400 Baud	[36] [1694] Ext. Status Word	*[39] StartCommand
7-20 Process CL Feedback 1	[1] 4800 Baud	8-5* Digital/Bus	[40] DriveStopped
Resource	*[2] 9600 Baud For choose FC	8-50 Coasting Select	13-02 Stop Event
*[0] NoFunction	Bus in 8-30	[0] DigitalInput	See parameter 13-01 * [40]
[1] Analog Input 53	*[3] 19200 Baud For choose	[1] Bus	DriveStopped
[2] Analog input 60	Modbus in 8-30	[2] LogicAnd	13-03 Reset SLC
[8] PulseInput33	[4] 38400 Baud	*[3] LogicOr	*[0] Do not reset
[11] LocalBusRef		8-51 Quick Stop Select	[1] Reset SLC
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7-3\* Process PI

See par. 8-50 \* [3] LogicOr



	T	T	T
13-1* Comparators	13-52 SL Controller Action	14-22 Operation Mode	16-09 Custom Readout
13-10 Comparator Operand	*[0] Disabled	*[0] Normal Operation	Dep. on par. 0-31, 0-32
*[0] Disabled	[1] NoAction	[2] Initialisation 14-26 Action At	16-1* Motor Status
[1] Reference	[2] SelectSetup1	Inverter Fault	16-10 Power [kW]
[2] Feedback	[3] SelectSetup2	*[0] Trip	16-11 Power [hp]
[3] MotorSpeed	[10-17] SelectPresetRef0-7	[1] Warning <i>14-4* Energy</i>	16-12 Motor Voltage [V]
[4] MotorCurrent	[18] SelectRamp1	Optimising	16-13 Frequency [Hz]
[6] MotorPower	[19] SelectRamp2	14-41 AEO Minimum Magneti-	16-14 Motor Current [A]
[7] MotorVoltage	[22] Run	sation	16-15 Frequency [%]
[8] DCLinkVoltage	[23] RunReverse	40-75 %*66 %	16-18 Motor Thermal [%]
[12] AnalogInput53	[24] Stop	14-9* Fault Settings	16-3* Drive Status
[13] AnalogInput60	[25] Qstop	14-90 Fault level[3] Trip Lock	16-30 DC Link Voltage
[18] PulseInput33	[26] DCstop	[4] Trip with delayed reset	16-34 Heat sink Temp.
[20] AlarmNumber	[27] Coast	15-** Drive Information	16-35 Inverter Thermal
[30] CounterA	[28] FreezeOutput	15-0* Operating Data	16-36 Inv.Nom. Current
[31] CounterB	[29] StartTimer0	15-00 Operating Days	16-37 Inv. Max. Current
13-11 Comparator Operator	[30] StartTimer1	15-01 Running Hours	16-38 SL Controller State
[0] Less Than	[31] StartTimer2	15-02 kWh Counter	16-5* Ref./Feedb.
*[1] Approximately equals	[32] Set Digital Output A Low	15-03 Power Ups	16-50 External Reference
[2] Greater Than	[33] Set Digital Output B Low	15-04 Over Temps	16-51 Pulse Reference
13-12 Comparator Value	[38] Set Digital Output A High	15-05 Over Volts	16-52 Feedback [Unit]
-9999–9999 *0.0	[39] Set Digital Output B High	15-06 Reset kWh Counter	16-6* Inputs/Outputs
13-2* Timers	[60] ResetCounterA	*[0] Do not reset	16-60 Digital Input 18,19,27,33
13-20 SL Controller Timer	[61] ResetCounterB	[1] Reset counter	0-1111
0.0-3600 s *0.0 s	14-** Special Functions	15-07 Reset Running Hours	16-61 Digital Input 29
13-4* Logic Rules	14-0* Inverter Switching	Counter	0-1
13-40 Logic Rule Boolean 1	14-01 Switching Frequency	*[0] Do not reset	16-62 Analog Input 53 (volt)
See par. 13-01 *[0] False	[0] 2 kHz	[1] Reset counter	16-63 Analog Input 53 (current)
[30] - [32] SL Time-out 0-2	*[1] 4 kHz	15-3* Fault Log	16-64 Analog Input 60
13-41 Logic Rule Operator 1	[2] 8 kHz	15-30 Fault Log: Error Code	16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]
*[0] Disabled	[4] 16 kHz not available for M5	15-4* Drive Identification	16-68 Pulse Input [Hz]
[1] And	14-03 Overmodulation	15-40 FC Type	16-71 Relay Output [bin]
[2] Or	[0] Off	15-41 Power Section	16-72 Counter A
[3] And not	*[1] On	15-42 Voltage	16-73 Counter B
[4] Or not	14-1* Mains monitoring	15-43 Software Version	16-8* Fieldbus/FC Port
[5] Not and	14-12 Function at mains	15-46 Frequency Converter	16-86 FC Port REF 1
[6] Not or	imbalance	Order. No	0x8000-0x7FFFF
[7] Not and not	*[0] Trip	15-48 LCP Id No	16-9* Diagnosis Readouts
[8] Not or not	[1] Warning	15-51 Frequency Converter	16-90 Alarm Word
13-42 Logic Rule Boolean 2	[2] Disabled	Serial No	0-0XFFFFFFF
See par. 13-40 * [0] False	14-2* Trip Reset	16-** Data Readouts 16-0*	16-92 Warning Word
13-43 Logic Rule Operator 2	14-20 Reset Mode	General Status	0-0XFFFFFFF
See par. 13-41 *[0] Disabled	*[0] Manual reset	16-00 Control Word	16-94 Ext. Status Word
13-44 Logic Rule Boolean 3	[1-9] AutoReset 1-9	0-0XFFFF	0-0XFFFFFFF
See par. 13-40 * [0] False	[10] AutoReset 10	16-01 Reference [Unit]	18-** Extended Motor Data
13-5* States	[11] AutoReset 15	-4999–4999 *0.000	18-8* Motor Resistors
13-51 SL Controller Event	[12] AutoReset 20	16-02 Reference %	18-80 Stator Resistance (High
See par. 13-40 *[0] False	[13] Infinite auto reset	-200.0–200.0% *0.0%	resolution)
[2]	[14] Reset at power up	16-03 Status Word	0.000–99.990 ohm *0.000 ohm
	14-21 Automatic Restart Time	0-0XFFFF	18-81 Stator Leakage
	0–600s * 10s	16-05 Main Actual Value [%]	Reactance(High resolution)
		-200.0–200.0% *0.0%	0.000–99.990 ohm *0.000 ohm
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#### 5.2 Parameter Lists

# 5.2.1 Conversion Index

The various attributes of each parameter are displayed in the section *Factory Settings*. Parameter values are transferred as whole numbers only. Conversion factors are therefore used to transfer decimals according to *Table 5.1*.

#### Example:

1-24 Motor Current has a conversion index of -2 (i.e. conversion factor of 0.01 according to Table 5.1). To set the parameter to 2.25 A, transfer the value 225 via Modbus. The Conversion Factor of 0.01 means that the value transferred is multiplied by 0.01 in the frequency converter. The vale 225 transferred on the bus is thus perceived as 2.25 A in the frequency converter.

Conversion index	Conversion factor
2	10
1	100
0	1
-1	0.1
-2	0.01
-3	0.001
-4	0.0001
-5	0.00001

Table 5.1 Conversion Table

# 5.2.2 Change During Operation

TRUE means that the parameter can be changed while the frequency converter is in operation and FALSE means that the frequency converter must be stopped before a change can be made.

# 5.2.3 2-Set-up

All set-up: The parameter can be set individually in each of the two set-ups, i.e. one single parameter can have two different data values.

1 set-up: Data value will be the same in both set-ups.

# 5.2.4 Type

Data type	Description	Туре
2	Integer 8	Int8
3	Integer 16	Int16
4	Integer 32	Int32
5	Unsigned 8	Uint8
6	Unsigned 16	Uint16
7	Unsigned 32	Uint32
9	Visible string	VisibleString

Table 5.2 Type



# 5.2.5 0-\*\* Operation/Display

Parameter number	Parameter description	Default value	2 Setup	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
0-03	Regional Settings	[0] International	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
	Operating State at Power-					
0-04	up (Hand)	[1] Forced stop ref=old	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-10	Active Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-11	Edit Set-up	[1] Set-up 1	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-12	Link Setups	[20] Linked	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
	Custom Readout Min					
0-31	Scale	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Int32
	Custom Readout Max					
0-32	Scale	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Int32
0-40	[Hand On] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-41	[Off / Reset] Key on LCP	[1] Enable All	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-42	[Auto on] Key on LCP	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
0-50	LCP Copy	[0] No copy	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-51	Set-up Copy	[0] No copy	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
0-60	Main Menu Password	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
	Access to Main/Quick					
0-61	menu w/o Password	0	1 set-up	TRUE		Uint8

# 5.2.6 1-\*\* Load/Motor

Parameter	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During	Conversion	Type
Number	T drumeter Description	Delault Value	2 Setup	Operation	Index	Турс
1-00	Configuration Mode	[0] Speed open loop	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-01	Motor Control Principle	[1] VVC+	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-03	Torque Characteristics	[0] Constant torque	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
		[2] As mode 1-00 Configu-				
1-05	Hand Mode Configuration	ration Mode	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-20	Motor Power		All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-22	Motor Voltage		All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-23	Motor Frequency		All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
1-24	Motor Current		All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint16
1-25	Motor Nominal Speed		All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint16
	Automatic Motor Tuning					
1-29	(AMT)	[0] Off	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-30	Stator Resistance (Rs)		All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint16
	Stator Leakage Reactance					
1-33	(X1)		All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
1-35	Main Reactance (Xh)		All set-ups	FALSE	-2	Uint32
	Motor Magnetisation at					
1-50	Zero Speed	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
	Min Speed Normal					
1-52	Magnetising [Hz]	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-55	U/f Characteristic-U		All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-56	U/f Characteristic-F		All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
	Low Speed Load Compen-					
1-60	sation	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
	High Speed Load					_
1-61	Compensation	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
1-62	Slip Compensation	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
Nullibel	Slip Compensation Time			Operation	ilidex	
1-63	Constant	0.1 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
1-71	Start Delay	0 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint8
1-72	Start Function	[2] Coast/delay time	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-73	Flying Start	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
1-80	Function at Stop	[0] Coast	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
	Min Speed for Function at					
1-82	Stop [Hz]	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
1-90	Motor Thermal Protection	[0] No protection	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
1-93	Thermistor Resource	[0] None	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8

# 5.2.7 2-\*\* Brakes

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
2-00	DC Hold Current	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-01	DC Brake Current	50%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-02	DC Braking Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-04	DC Brake Cut In Speed	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
2-10	Brake Function	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-11	Brake Resistor (Ω)		All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-14	Brake Voltage Reduce	0	All set-ups	FALSE	0	Uint8
2-16	AC Brake, Max current	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
2-17	Over-voltage Control	[0] Disabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
2-20	Release Brake Current	0 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
2-22	Activate Brake Speed [Hz]	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16

# 5.2.8 3-\*\* Reference/Ramps

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
3-00	Reference Range	[0] Min to Max	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-02	Minimum Reference	0	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-03	Maximum Reference	50	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
3-10	Preset Reference	0%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-11	Jog Speed [Hz]	5 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
3-12	Catch up/slow Down Value	0%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-14	Preset Relative Reference	0%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Int16
3-15	Reference Resource 1	[1] Analog in 53	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-16	Reference Resource 2	[2] Analog in 60	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-17	Reference Resource 3	[11] Local bus reference	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
	Relative Scaling Reference					
3-18	Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-40	Ramp 1 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-41	Ramp 1 Ramp up Time	3 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-42	Ramp 1 Ramp Down Time	3 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-50	Ramp 2 Type	[0] Linear	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
3-51	Ramp 2 Ramp up Time	3 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-52	Ramp 2 Ramp down Time	3 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32





Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
3-80	Jog Ramp Time	3 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
3-81	Quick Stop Ramp Time	3 s	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint32

# 5.2.9 4-\*\* Limits/Warnings

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
4-10	Motor Speed Direction	[2] Both directions	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
4-12	Motor Speed Low Limit [Hz]	0 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
4-14	Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]	65 Hz	All set-ups	FALSE	-1	Uint16
4-16	Torque Limit Motor Mode	150%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
4-17	Torque Limit Generator Mode	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
4-40	Warning Frequency Low	0Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-41	Warning Frequency High	400Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-50	Warning Current Low	0 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-51	Warning Current High	26 A	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
4-54	Warning Reference Low	-4999	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-55	Warning Reference High	4999	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-56	Warning Feedback Low	-4999	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-57	Warning Feedback High	4999	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
4-58	Missing Motor Phase Function	[1] On	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
4-61	Bypass Speed From [Hz]	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
4-63	Bypass Speed To [Hz]	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16

# 5.2.10 5-\*\* Digital In/Out

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
5-10	Terminal 18 Digital Input	[8] Start	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-11	Terminal 19 Digital Input	[10] Reversing	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-12	Terminal 27 Digital Input	[1] Reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-13	Terminal 29 Digital Input	[14] Jog	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-15	Terminal 33 Digital Input	[16] Preset ref bit 0	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-34	On Delay, Terminal 42 Digital Output	0.01s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2-	Uint16
5-35	Off Delay, Terminal 42 Digital Output	0.01s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-40	Function Relay	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
5-41	On Delay, Relay	0.01s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-42	Off Delay, Relay	0.01s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
5-55	Terminal 33 Low Frequency	20 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
5-56	Terminal 33 High Frequency	5000 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
5-57	Terminal 33 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
5-58	Terminal 33 High Ref./Feedb. Value	50	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32



# 5.2.11 6-\*\* Analog In/Out

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
6-00	Live Zero Timeout Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
6-01	Live Zero TimeoutFunction	[0] Off	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-10	Terminal 53 Low Voltage	0.07 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-11	Terminal 53 High Voltage	10 V	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-12	Terminal 53 Low Current	0.14 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-13	Terminal 53 High Current	20 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-14	Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-15	Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	50	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-16	Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-19	Terminal 53 mode	[0] Voltage mode	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-22	Terminal 60 Low Current	0.14 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-23	Terminal 60 High Current	20 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-24	Terminal 60 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-25	Terminal 60 High Ref./Feedb. Value	50	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-26	Terminal 60 Filter Time Constant	0.01 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-80	LCP Potmeter Enable	1	1 set-up	FALSE	-	Uint8
6-81	LCP potentiometer Low Ref.	0	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-82	LCP potentiometer High Ref.	50	All set-ups	TRUE	-3	Int32
6-90	Terminal 42 Mode	[0] 0-20 mA	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-91	Terminal 42 Analog Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-92	Terminal 42 Digital Output	[0] No operation	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
6-93	Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	0%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
6-94	Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	100%	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16

# 5.2.12 7-\*\* Controllers

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
7-20	Process CL Feedback 1 Resource	[0] No function	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
	Process PI Normal/ Inverse					
7-30	Control	[0] Normal	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-31	Process PI Anti Windup	[1] Enabled	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
7-32	Process PI Start Speed	0 Hz	All set-ups	TRUE	-1	Uint16
7-33	Process PI Proportional Gain	0.01	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint16
7-34	Process PI Integral Time	9999 s	All set-ups	TRUE	-2	Uint32
7-38	Process PI Feed Forward Factor	0%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
7-39	On Reference Bandwidth	5%	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8



# 5.2.13 8-\*\* Comm. and Options

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Type
8-01	Control Site	[0] Digital and ctrl.word	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-02	Control Word Source	[1] FC RS485	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-03	Control Word Timeout Time	1 s	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Uint16
8-04	Control Word Timeout Function	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-06	Reset Control Word Timeout	[0] No function	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-30	Protocol	[0] FC	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
8-31	Address	1	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
8-32	FC Port Baud Rate	[2] 9600 Baud	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-33	FC Port Parity	[0] Even Parity 1 Stop Bit	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-35	Minimum Response Delay	0.01 s	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-36	Max Response Delay	5 s	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
8-43	FC Port PCD Read Configuration	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-50	Coasting Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-51	Quick Stop Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-52	DC Brake Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-53	Start Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-54	Reversing Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-55	Set-up Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-56	Preset Reference Select	[3] Logic OR	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
8-94	Bus feedback 1	0	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Int16

# 5.2.14 13-\*\* Smart Logic

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
13-00	SL Controller Mode	[0] Off	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-01	Start Event	[39] Start command	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-02	Stop Event	[40] Drive stopped	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-03	Reset SLC	[0] Do not reset	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-10	Comparator Operand	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-11	Comparator Operator	[1] ApproxEqual	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-12	Comparator Value	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Int32
13-20	SL Controller Timer	0 s	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Uint32
13-40	Logic Rule Boolean 1	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-41	Logic Rule Operator 1	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-42	Logic Rule Boolean 2	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-43	Logic Rule Operator 2	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-44	Logic Rule Boolean 3	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-51	SL Controller Event	[0] False	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
13-52	SL Controller Action	[0] Disabled	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8

# 5.2.15 14-\*\* Special Functions

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
14-01	Switching Frequency	[1] 4.0 kHz	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-03	Overmodulation	[1] On	All set-ups	FALSE	-	Uint8
14-12	Function at Mains Imbalance	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-20	Reset Mode	[0] Manual reset	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8



Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Type
14-21	Automatic Restart Time	10 s	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint16
14-22	Operation Mode	[0] Normal operation	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-26	Action At Inverter Fault	[0] Trip	All set-ups	TRUE	-	Uint8
14-41	AEO Minimum Magnetisation	66 %	All set-ups	TRUE	0	Uint8
14-90	Fault Level	[3] Trip Lock	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8

# 5.2.16 15-\*\* Drive Information

Parameter number	Parameter description	Default value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
15-00	Operating Time	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
15-01	Running Hours	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
15-02	kWh Counter	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
15-03	Power Up's	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
15-04	Over Temp's	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
15-05	Over Volt's	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
15-06	Reset kWh Counter	[0] Do not reset	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-07	Reset Running Hours Counter	[0] Do not reset	1 set-up	TRUE	-	Uint8
15-30	Fault Log: Error Code	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
15-40	FC Type		1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisibleString
15-41	Power Section		1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisibleString
15-42	Voltage		1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisibleString
15-43	SW ID Control Card		1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisibleString
	Frequency Converter Ordering					
15-46	No		1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisibleString
15-48	LCP Id No		1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisibleString
	Frequency Converter Serial					
15-51	Number		1 set-up	FALSE	0	VisibleString

# 5.2.17 16-\*\* Data Readouts

Parameter number	Parameter description	Default value	2 Setup	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
16-00	Control Word	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
16-01	Reference [Unit]	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Int32
16-02	Reference %	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Int16
16-03	Status Word	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
16-05	Main Actual Value [%]	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Int16
16-09	Custom Readout	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Int32
16-10	Power [kW]	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
16-11	Power [hp]	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Uint16
16-12	Motor Voltage	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
16-13	Frequency	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Uint16
16-14	Motor Current	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
16-15	Frequency [%]	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Uint16
16-18	Motor Thermal	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
16-30	DC Link Voltage	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
16-34	Heatsink Temp.	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
16-35	Inverter Thermal	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
16-36	Inv. Nom. Current	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
16-37	Inv. Max. Current	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
16-38	SL Controller State	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8



Parameter number	Parameter description	Default value	2 Setup	Change during operation	Conversion index	Туре
16-50	External Reference	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Int16
16-51	Pulse Reference	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-1	Int16
16-52	Feedback [Unit]	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-3	Int32
16-60	Digital input 18,19,27,33	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
16-61	Digital input 29	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
16-62	Analog Input 53 (V)	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
16-63	Analog Input 53 (mA)	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
16-64	Analog Input 60	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
16-65	Analog Output 42 [mA]	0	1 set-up	TRUE	-2	Uint16
16-68	Pulse input 33	20	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint16
16-71	Relay Output [bin]	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint8
16-72	Counter A	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int16
16-73	Counter B	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int16
16-86	FC Port REF 1	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Int16
16-90	Alarm Word	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
16-91	Alarm Word2	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	UNIT32
16-92	Warning Word	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32
16-94	Ext. Status Word	0	1 set-up	TRUE	0	Uint32

# 5.2.18 18-\*\* Extended Motor Data

Parameter Number	Parameter Description	Default Value	2 Setup	Change During Operation	Conversion Index	Туре
	Stator Resistance (Rs in high					
18-80	resolution)	0.000	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32
	(18-81) Stator Leakage					
	Reactance (X1 in high					
16-01	resolution)	0.000	All set-ups	FALSE	-3	Uint32

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# 6 Troubleshooting

## 6.1 Warnings and Alarms

A warning or an alarm is signalled by the relevant LED on the front of the frequency converter and indicated by a code on the display.

A warning remains active until its cause is no longer present. Under certain circumstances operation of the motor may still be continued. Warning messages may be critical, but are not necessarily so.

In the event of an alarm, the frequency converter will have tripped. Alarms must be reset to restart operation once their cause has been rectified.

#### This may be done in 4 ways:

- By pressing [Reset].
- 2. Via a digital input with the "Reset" function.
- 3. Via serial communication.

# NOTICE

After a manual reset press [Reset], [Auto On] or [Hand On] to restart the motor.

If an alarm cannot be reset, the reason may be that its cause has not been rectified, or the alarm is trip-locked (see also *Table 6.1*).

Alarms that are trip-locked offer additional protection, means that the mains supply must be switched off before the alarm can be reset. After being switched back on, the frequency converter is no longer blocked and may be reset as described above once the cause has been rectified. Alarms that are not trip-locked can also be reset using the automatic reset function in 14-20 Reset Mode (Warning: automatic wake-up is possible!)

If a warning and alarm is marked against a code in the *Table 6.1*, this means that either a warning occurs before an alarm, or it can be specified whether it is a warning or an alarm that is to be displayed for a given fault. This is possible, for instance, in *1-90 Motor Thermal Protection*. After an alarm or trip, the motor carries on coasting, and the alarm and warning flash on the frequency converter. Once the problem has been rectified, only the alarm continues flashing.

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm	Trip Lock	Error	Parameter Reference
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)			6-01
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)		14-12
7	DC over voltage	Х	Х			
8	DC under voltage	Х	Х			
9	Inverter overloaded	Х	Х			
10	Motor ETR over temperature	(X)	(X)			1-90
11	Motor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)			1-90
12	Torque limit	(X)				4-16, 4-17
13	Over Current	Х	Х	Х		
14	Earth fault	Х	Х	Х		
16	Short Circuit		Х	Х		
17	Control word timeout	(X)	(X)			8-04
25	Brake resistor short-circuited		Х	Х		
27	Brake chopper short-circuited		Х	Х		
28	Brake Check		Х			
29	Power board over temp	Х	Х	Х		
30	Motor phase U missing		(X)	(X)		4-58
31	Motor phase V missing		(X)	(X)		4-58
32	Motor phase W missing		(X)	(X)		4-58
38	Internal fault		Х	Х		
44	Earth fault 2		Х	Х		
47	Control Voltage Fault		Х	Х		
51	AMT check U <sub>nom</sub> and I <sub>nom</sub>		Х			
52	AMT low I <sub>nom</sub>		Х			
53	AMT motor too big		Х			

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm	Trip Lock	Error	Parameter Reference
54	AMT motor too small		Х			
55	AMT Parameter out of range		Х			
59	Current limit	Х				
63	Mechanical Brake Low		Х			
80	Drive Initialized to Default Value		Х			
84	The connection between drive and LCP is				Х	
	lost					
85	Button disabled				Χ	
86	Copy fail				Х	
87	LCP data invalid				Х	
88	LCP data not compatible				Х	
89	Parameter read only				Х	
90	Parameter database busy				Х	
91	Parameter value is not valid in this mode				Х	
92	Parameter value exceeds the min/max limits				Х	

**Programming Guide** 

# Table 6.1 Alarm/Warning Code List

(X) Dependent on parameter

**Troubleshooting** 

A trip is the action when an alarm has appeared. The trip will coast the motor and can be reset by pressing [Reset] or make a reset by a digital input (parameter group 5-1\* [1]). The original event that caused an alarm cannot damage the frequency converter or cause dangerous conditions. A trip lock is an action when an alarm occurs, which may cause damage to frequency converter or connected parts. A trip lock situation can only be reset by a power cycling.

Warning	yellow
Alarm	flashing red

Table 6.2 LED Indication

The alarm words, warning words and extended status words can be read out via serial bus or optional fieldbus for diagnosis. See also 16-90 Alarm Word, 16-92 Warning Word and 16-94 Ext. Status Word.



			Par. 16-90	Par. 16-91	Par. 16-92	Par. 16-94
Bit	Hex	Dec	AlarmWord	AlarmWord2	WarningWord	ExtendedStatusWord
				Control Voltage		
0	1	1	Brake check	Fault		Ramping
1	2	2	Pwr.card temp		Pwr.card temp	AMT running
2	4	4	Earth Fault			Start CW/CCW
3	8	8				Slow down
4	10	16	Ctrl.word TO		Ctrl.word TO	Catch up
5	20	32	Over Current		Over Current	Above Feedback High
6	40	64			Torque limit	Below Feedback Low
7	80	128	Motor th over		Motor th over	Output current high
8	100	256	Motor ETR over		Motor ETR over	Output current low
9	200	512	Inverter overload		Inverter overload	Above Frequency High
10	400	1024	DC under volt		DC under volt	Below Frequency Low
11	800	2048	DC over volt		DC over volt	
12	1000	4096	Short Circuit			
13	2000	8192				Braking
14	4000	16384	Mains ph. loss		Mains ph. loss	
15	8000	32768	AMT Not OK			OVC active
16	10000	65536	Live zero error		Live zero error	AC brake
17	20000	131072	Internal fault			
18	40000	262144				
19	80000	524288	U phase loss			Above Reference High
20	100000	1048576	V phase loss			Below Reference Low
21	200000	2097152	W phase loss			Local Ref./Remote Ref.
22	400000	4194304				
23	800000	8388608				Protection Mode
24	1000000	16777216				
25	2000000	33554432			Current limit	
26	4000000	67108864	Brake resistor short-circuit			
27	8000000	134217728	Brake IGBT short-circuit			
			M4/M5: Earth Fault			
28	10000000	268435456	(Desat)		MotorPhaseMissing	
29	20000000	536870912	Drive initialised			
30	40000000	1073741824				
31	80000000	2147483648	Mech. brake low			DatabaseBusy

Table 6.3 Alarm, Warning, and Extended Status Word

The alarm words, warning words and extended staus words can be read out via serial bus for diagnose. See also 16-94 Ext. Status Word.

#### WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error

Signal on terminal 53 or 60 is less than 50% of value set in 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage, 6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current and 6-22 Terminal 60 Low Current.

#### WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the mains voltage imbalance is too high. This message also appears for a fault in the input rectifier on the frequency converter.

# Troubleshooting

Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the frequency converter. The fault may be caused by mains distortions. Installing Danfoss line filter may rectify this problem.

## WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the frequency converter trips after a time.

#### **Troubleshooting**

Connect a brake resistor

Extend the ramp time

Change the ramp type

Activate the functions in 2-10 Brake Function

Increase 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

The fault may be caused by mains distortions. Installing Danfoss Line Filter may rectify this problem.



#### WARNING/ALARM 8, DC under voltage

If the DC link voltage drops below the undervoltage limit, the frequency converter checks if a 24 V DC back-up supply is connected. If no 24 V DC back-up supply is connected, the frequency converter trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

#### **Troubleshooting**

- Check that the supply voltage matches the frequency converter voltage.
- Perform an input voltage test.
- Perform a soft charge circuit test.

#### WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overload

The frequency converter has run with more than 100% overload for too long and is about to cut out. The counter for electronic thermal inverter protection issues a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. The frequency converter cannot be reset until the counter is below 90%.

#### **Troubleshooting**

- Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the frequency converter rated current.
- Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the measured motor current.
- Display the thermal drive load on the LCP and monitor the value. When running above the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter increases. When running below the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter decreases.

# WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor overload temperature

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. Select whether the frequency converter gives a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection. The fault occurs when the motor is overloaded by more than 100% for too long.

#### Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded

Check that the motor current set in *1-24 Motor Current* is correct.

Ensure that motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly.

Running AMT in 1-29 Automatic Motor Tuning (AMT). The inverter peak current limit (approx. 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning will last approx. 8-12 s, then the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. Turn off the frequency converter and check if the motor shaft can be turned and if the motor size matches the frequency converter. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be

reset externally. may tune the frequency converter to the motor more accurately and reduce thermal loading.

#### WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor overtemp

The thermistor might be disconnected. Select whether the frequency converter gives a warning or an alarm in 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection.

#### **Troubleshooting**

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

#### WARNING/ALARM 13, Over current

The inverter peak current limit (approx. 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning will last approx. 8-12 s, then the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. Turn off the frequency converter and check if the motor shaft can be turned and if the motor size matches the frequency converter. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be reset externally.

#### **Troubleshooting**

Remove power and check if the motor shaft can be turned.

Check that the motor size matches the frequency converter.

Check parameters 1-20 through 1-25. for correct motor data.

#### ALARM 14, Earth (ground) fault

There is current from the output phase to ground, either in the cable between the frequency converter and the motor or in the motor itself.

#### **Troubleshooting**

- Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the ground fault.
- Check for ground faults in the motor by measuring the resistance to ground of the motor cables and the motor with a megohmmeter.

#### ALARM 16, Short circuit

There is short-circuiting in the motor or motor wiring.

#### Troubleshooting

 Remove the power to the frequency converter and repair the short circuit.

#### WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout

There is no communication to the frequency converter. The warning is only active when 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is NOT set to [0] Off.

If 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is set to [5] Stop and Trip, a warning appears and the frequency converter ramps down until it trips, while giving an alarm. 8-03 Control Timeout Time could possibly be increased.



#### Troubleshooting

- Check connections on the serial communication cable.
- Increase 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time.
- Check the operation of the communication equipment.
- Verify a proper installation based on EMC requirements.

#### ALARM 25, Brake resistor short circuit

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and the warning appears. The frequency converter is still operational but without the brake function. Remove power from the frequency converter and replace the brake resistor (see 2-15 Brake Check).

#### ALARM 27, Brake chopper fault

The brake transistor is monitored during operation, and if a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and a warning is issued. The frequency converter is still operational but, since the brake transistor has short-circuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive.

#### Troubleshooting

 Remove power to the frequency converter and remove the brake resistor.

#### ALARM 28, Brake check failed

The brake resistor is not connected or not working.

#### ALARM 29, Heat Sink temp

The maximum temperature of the heat sink has been exceeded. The temperature fault does not reset until the temperature drops below a defined heat sink temperature. The trip and reset points are different based on the frequency converter power size.

#### Troubleshooting

Check for the following conditions:

- Ambient temperature too high.
- Motor cables too long.
- Incorrect airflow clearance above and below the frequency converter.
- Blocked airflow around the frequency converter.
- Damaged heat sink fan.
- Dirty heat sink.

#### ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing

Motor phase U between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

#### Troubleshooting

 Remove the power from the frequency converter and check motor phase U.

## ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing

Motor phase V between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

#### Troubleshooting

 Remove the power from the frequency converter and check motor phase V.

#### ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing

Motor phase W between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

#### **Troubleshooting**

 Remove the power from the frequency converter and check motor phase W.

#### ALARM 38, Internal fault

#### Troubleshooting

- Cycle power.
- Check that the option is properly installed.
- Check for loose or missing wiring.

It may be necessary to contact the local Danfoss supplier or service department. Note the code number for further troubleshooting directions.

#### ALARM 46, Gate drive voltage fault

The supply on the power card is out of range.

There are 3 power supplies generated by the switch mode power supply (SMPS) on the power card: 24 V, 5 V, and  $\pm 18$  V.

#### Troubleshooting

• Check for a defective power card.

#### ALARM 51, AMT check Unom and Inom

The settings for motor voltage, motor current, and motor power are wrong. Check the settings in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.

#### ALARM 55, AMA parameter out of range

The parameter values of the motor are outside of the acceptable range. AMA does not run.

#### ALARM 63, Mechanical brake low

The actual motor current has not exceeded the release brake current within the start delay time window.

## ALARM 80, Drive initialised to default value

Parameter settings are initialised to default settings after a manual reset. To clear the alarm, reset the unit.

# ERROR 84,The connection between drive and LCP is lost Try to reassemble the LCP gently.

#### ERROR 85, Button disabled

See parameter group 0-4\* LCP

#### ERROR 86, Copy fail

An error occurred while copying from frequency converter to LCP or vice versa.

#### ERROR 87, LCP data invalid

Occurs when copying from LCP if the LCP contains erroneous data - or if no data was uploaded to the LCP.

## ERROR 88,LCP data not compatible

Occurs when copying from LCP if data are moved between frequency converters with major differences in software versions.



# ERROR 89, Parameter read only

Occurs when trying to write to a read-only parameter.

#### ERROR 90, Parameter database busy

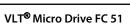
LCP and RS-485 connection are trying to update parameters simultaneously.

# ERROR 91, Parameter value is not valid in this mode

Occurs when trying to write an illegal value to a parameter.

# ERROR 92, Parameter value exceeds the min/max limits

Occurs when trying to set a value outside the range. Parameter can only be changed when the motor is stopped. Err. A wrong password was entered, occurs when using a wrong password for changing a password-protected parameter.







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